

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, NOV. 29, 1894.

NUMBER 14.

New Goods.

New Prices.

DRY GOODS

AT

Lower Prices than you have ever Bought Them

New 45-inch Serges, in all colors, marked 50 cents. You will find the same class of goods in old stocks marked \$1.00.

All wool Cashmere Dress Goods, all colors, marked 35 and 40 cents. You will find them in old stocks marked 75 cents.

All colors in the new Covert Suitings. Prices from 40 to 85 cents.

All wool Novelties at from 40 to 60 cents. Equal in quality to any goods ever offered before this season at \$1.00.

Take Your Choice.

You can go for Dry Goods where they are advertising to go out of business, and pay war time prices for old goods, or you can

Buy New Goods in Chelsea

At prices that you can afford to pay.

Thousands

Are weekly giving evidence to the fact, by their purchases, that where they have New Goods is where they have the bargains.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Highest Market Price allowed for Butter, Eggs and Dried Apples.

We Are Headquarters

For

Swell Body

And

Portland Cutters,

Sleigh Bells, Hand Sleds, Skates,

Foot Warmers, Cross Cut Saws,

Axes, Meat Cutters, Sausage

Stuffers, Corn Shellers,

Cook and Heating

Stoves.

All at Bottom Prices.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Bargains in Shoes

We Have Just Bought a Bill of

\$2,000 worth

Of Factory Samples.

We bought these goods for less than half it cost to manufacture them, and will give you the benefit of this bargain if you will come and see us. Never before has there been offered in Chelsea such bargains as these.

The Shoes are A. C. McGran & Co's. make, and every pair warranted. Come early, so as to get your first choice, as there is only one pair of a kind, and they are going like hot cakes.

Also a complete line of winter goods now on hand at bottom prices. Groceries always at the bottom, and when others are crying low prices we are always just as low and generally cheaper. Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c a pound. You will use no other after you once try it.

Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO'S.

The Silent Messenger.

Another household is filled with mourners. The all devouring scythe of time has cut the birth thread of life, and launched another of our citizens into eternity.

Benjamin Winans, an old resident of this village, died at his home on South street, Friday, Nov. 23, 1894, aged 64 years. He had suffered from failing health for several years, but was not confined to the house until the last two months.

Mr. Winans was born in Tyre township, Seneca County, N. Y., March 3, 1830, and on August 1, 1858, he married Miss Mary J. Sumner, of the same township.

He came to Michigan with his family in 1862 and settled on a farm in Sharon where he remained until 1873, then removed to Chelsea, where he has lived for the past twenty one years. His wife and six children survive him.

The funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon in the Baptist church, where a large congregation assembled to pay their last tribute of respect to the deceased. The sermon was preached by Rev. Wm. Walker, after which the remains were laid to rest in Oak Grove Cemetery.

Fatal Accident.

Last Thursday the inhabitants of Chelsea were startled to hear of the sudden death of Mr. Jacob Heselschwerdt, of Sharon, and the manner in which it occurred.

Just before noon Mr. Heselschwerdt drove to the rear of Boyd's Hotel to deliver a load of wood, and having a span of colts, they had to be led along the elevated road in the rear of the stores, and after reaching the locality where he wished to unload, found that he was not as close to the pile as he desired, so he turned his team to one side and backed them up, when they became unmanageable, and backed the wagon and all over the steep embankment. Mr. Heselschwerdt was thrown forward and fell just behind the horses where he lay partly under the wood and wagon which had tipped over. He was removed to the waiting room of Boyd's Hotel and physicians were summoned, who upon examination found that his collar bone and several ribs were broken, and that he was also injured internally. The physicians did all in their power to save his life, but it soon became evident that he would not live long and died about one o'clock, just about one hour after the accident happened.

Deceased was a former resident of Chelsea but for a number of years has resided on his farm in Sharon. He leaves a wife and eleven children.

The funeral was held Sunday forenoon from the Sharon German M. E. church, Rev. Ude officiating.

One Hundred Years Ago.

These were the wages in Delaware and Maryland 100 year ago: White laborers by the day, at any time of the year, 1 shilling 6 pence; free blacks, about 1 shilling; labor in harvest, 4 shillings, 6 pence; free blacks by the year, £8 8 shillings; hired slaves, £7 4 shillings; overseers, £22 10 shillings. All these workmen received board and lodgings besides. Canal diggers in those parts then had 46 shillings per month, with board lodgings and all necessities. The building of the city of Washington at that time raised mechanics' wages at Baltimore. Masons working at the new city received 6 to 7 shillings per day; carpenters, 4 shillings 9½ pence to 6 shillings, and negro laborers 36 shillings per month, board and clothing.

Bank Notice.

Winter and Spring hours. Until further notice, the Banks in Chelsea will open at 9 o'clock a. m. and remain open until 4 o'clock p. m. (except the noon hour) They will also open from 6 o'clock to 7 o'clock p. m. (except Saturday from 6 to 8 p. m.) to accommodate belated customers. Nov. 21, 1894.

Chelsea Savings Bank.
R. Kempf & Bros.

Last year the beautiful Indian summer weather closed with the 11th of November, the first snow fell Oct. 28, on the morning of Nov. 15 there were two to three inches on the ground with the mercury at 23 degrees above zero, and on the 16th it was 18 above, against 14 above on the morning of the 11th this year.

WE

Wish to Thank OUR Many Customers

For their patronage during the past year, and also to assure them that we will redouble our efforts to merit their trade during the coming months. We are fully alive to the fact that if we enjoy our

Usual Large Holiday Trade

Next month we have got to do it by

Cutting Prices So Close

That people will forget all about hard times. We will commence in this issue by quoting:

Choice sugar syrup 18 cents per gallon.
5 pounds best Crackers on the market for 25 cents.
25 pounds brown Sugar for \$1.00.
6 pounds new 2 Cr raisins for 25 cents.
Electric Kerosine Oil 7 cents per gallon.
3 cans Alaska Salmon for 25c
3½ pounds new California Prunes for 25 cents.
7 cakes good Laundry Soap for 25 cents.
Try our Japan teas and you will buy no others.
Banner smoking tobacco 15 cents per pound.
A first class lantern for 29 cents.
Fresh figs at 8 cents per pound.
Arm & Hammer Soda 6 cents per pound.
Fresh Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel.
2 packages any yeast cakes for 5 cents.
Choicest canned corn 7 cents per can.
Fresh Cream Cheese 12½ cents per pound.
Fresh Oysters, Standards 18c Selects 23c per can.

LAMPS.—We have a full line of Stand and Bouquet Lamps of all descriptions, and will save you money on the same.

Yours For The Closest Prices.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

CROCKERY! - -

We are showing a very fine line in DINNER SETS. We are carrying the finest line perhaps ever shown in Chelsea, at a very low price. Please call and see us.

GEO. BLAICH.

* REMEMBER *

WE SELL

We carry a full line of Coal and Wood Heaters, Cook Stoves, Oil Cloth, and Stove Boards.



Finest Line of Cutlery in town.

We can sell you silver plated knives and forks cheaper than any other dealer in the County.

Special prices on Sewing machines from now until January 1st, 1894.

C. E. WHITAKER,

South Main St.,

Chelsea, Mich.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection with.

WM. CASPARY.

Subscribe

for the

Chelsea Herald.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, : : MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

A MINIE ball received during the civil war was successfully removed from the head of George Sackett at Creston, Ia.

MRS. JOSEPHINE WEIST, aged 80 years, was burned to death at Peru, Ind., by stepping on a match and igniting her clothes.

TWO INFANT children of Mrs. Maggie Walker, of St. Joseph, Mo., were burned to death while alone.

THE visible supply of grain in the United States on the 19th was: Wheat, 82,282,000 bushels; corn, 2,765,000 bushels; oats, 9,110,000 bushels; rye, 505,000 bushels; barley, 3,515,000 bushels.

THE weather throughout the northwest was the coldest for the season in eleven years. Thermometers in St. Paul registered 10 degrees below zero.

By an accident at the new chamber of commerce building in Toledo, O., Fred Cronenberg, aged 35, and John Hummell, aged 42, were killed.

MARIN and Antonio Adego, brothers, were burned to death in an incendiary fire at Scranton, Pa.

THE village of Mudtown, Pa., was almost entirely destroyed by fire.

GEORGE KLEINMAN, champion wing shot of America, was defeated by Dr. Carver in a 100-bird shoot at Watson's park in Chicago.

A COAL train on the Pennsylvania road went through a bridge near Larimer, Pa., and eight men were believed to have been buried in the wreck.

At Louisville John S. Johnson rode a mile, standing start, in 1:56 3-5, lowering the world's bicycle record a full second.

NEAR Wellsville, Mo., Thomas Portercheck killed his mother, sister and brother, set fire to the house and then cut his own throat. He was insane.

WHILE miners were removing slate from a remote portion of a mine at Haggerty's colliery near Wellston, O., they found in an old abandoned room the skeletons of four men.

TWO MEN and twenty-three valuable horses were cremated in the stables of A. J. Flanders in Boston.

THE Cook gang of bandits was practically cornered near Muskogee, I. T., by a band of Cherokee police.

At the convention of the Knights of Labor in New Orleans the miners' delegations from Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania were unseated despite their claim that they represented many thousand knights.

INTERESTING changes are taking place on the planet Mars, according to Percival Lowell, of the Lowell observatory.

TWO MEN were killed and six injured by the explosion of the boiler in a cotton gin at Gale, I. T.

LACK of public confidence forced the Portland (Ore.) savings bank to close its doors with liabilities of \$1,430,000.

NEARLY the whole of the business portion of Savannah, Mo., was destroyed by fire.

MARION HEDGPETH, who robbed a Frisco train of \$20,000 in 1892, was sentenced at Jefferson City, Mo., to twenty-five years' imprisonment.

AN attempt was made near Conneaut, O., to wreck the fast east-bound mail on the Lake Shore road. A track walker discovered the obstruction before the train came along.

THE fire losses in the United States during the ten months ended October 31 aggregated \$109,306,175.

WILLIAM T. JONES, a wealthy stock dealer at Bournville, O., was swindled out of \$7,000 by two confidence men.

DR. PARKHURST and Mayor-elect Strong were the guests of honor at the 126th annual banquet of the New York chamber of commerce.

A CASE of leprosy was discovered in Grand Forks county, N. D. The patient was confined in a lonely cabin.

AN annex to E. S. Jaffray & Co.'s New York dry goods store was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$360,000.

MISS FRANCES E. WILLARD was unanimously reelected president of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union at the twenty-first annual session in Cleveland.

JAMES R. SOVEREIGN was reelected general master workman of the Knights of Labor at their meeting in New Orleans.

THE eighth annual session of the fraternal congress opened at Buffalo, N. Y., with fraternal beneficiary organizations represented having 2,000,000 members and an aggregate insurance of about \$3,400,000,000.

SURGEONS grafted 210 pieces of skin on Mrs. Florence Fitzpatrick, who was terribly burned several months ago in Chicago, and 800 more will be required.

FIRE in B. F. Wilde & Co.'s coal pockets at Charleston, Mass., caused a loss of \$125,000.

E. T. CHAMBERLAIN, chief of the bureau of navigation, in his annual report shows that the merchant marine of the United States comprises 23,586 vessels of 4,644,024 tons.

WHEELMAN JOHNSON lowered four records at Louisville, Ky. His time for the mile, flying start, was 1:47 3-5. SEVERAL slight shocks of earthquake were felt at Tacoma, Wash.

SECRETARY GRESHAM authorized Minister Denby and Dun to conduct negotiations for peace between China and Japan.

A. HALLORAN and W. Downing, prisoners in the jail at Tahlequah, I. T., fired the building and were cremated.

REV. C. L. PADDOCK, of Macedon, N. Y., was given judgment for \$10 against Mrs. William Bennett for a funeral sermon.

REV. H. S. HARRISON, editor of the Advance, a Congregational weekly, was struck by a train at La Grange, Ill., and instantly killed.

A SPECIAL train over the Pennsylvania road covered the 136 miles between Morrisville and Harrisburg in 104 minutes.

THE general assembly Knights of Labor in session at New Orleans decided that lawyers and barkeepers were not eligible to membership.

THE most terrific and destructive windstorm known in twenty years did great damage at Dunkirk, N. Y., and vicinity.

WILLIAM WICKWIER and his sister, who lived 5 miles south of Galesburg, Mich., were murdered by tramps.

CAPT. PHILIP H. COOPER, the new superintendent of the United States naval academy at Annapolis, Md., issued an order prohibiting hazing.

EXTREME simplicity marked the funeral of Robert C. Winthrop at Boston. There were no pallbearers or words of eulogy.

J. L. M. PIERCE, of Yankton, S. D., was said to have disappeared with \$1,000,000 secured from English capitalists on spurious paper.

THE national fraternal congress in session at Buffalo, N. Y., barred newspaper artists from its sessions owing to the printing of a caricature of its president.

J. D. BROWN, a farmer living near Aurora, Ill., was robbed of \$2,300 in Chicago by two colored women by the panel game.

THE dean and six students of Cotter university at Lincoln, Neb., were arrested for grave robbing.

THE report of Paymaster General Edwin Stewart of the navy for the fiscal year ended June 30 last shows that the total amount expended during the year was \$31,370,144.

THE Indian boys at the Seminole high school at Eufaula, I. T., set the buildings on fire for the third time within two years.

WOMEN of the Christian Temperance league of Keokuk, Ia., criticised Mrs. Cleveland for christening the steamer St. Louis with wine.

WILLIAM P. HAZEN, the chief of the secret service of the treasury department, in his annual report shows that during the year the total number of arrests made was 687, nearly all of which were for violations of the statutes relating to counterfeiting United States money. The amount of altered or counterfeit notes captured during the year was \$21,300.

THE Knights of Labor in national convention at New Orleans decided that none but the American flag should be carried in their parades.

ROBERT FITZSIMMONS was exonerated by the coroner's jury at Syracuse, N. Y., from any criminal intent in the death of Con. Riordan.

H. D. MORGAN, treasurer of the United States, in his annual report says the net ordinary revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30 were \$297,722,019, a decrease of \$88,097,009 as compared with the year before. The net ordinary expenditures were \$307,525,674. Including the public debt the total receipts were \$724,006,538 and the expenditures \$698,808,552.

HUKER BECH, a Hungarian emigrant bound from Buda Pesth to North Dakota, landed in New York with his family of three and a fortune of \$120,000.

THE Citizens' national bank of Spokane, Wash., which failed in 1893 and then resumed, has gone into liquidation. Assets, \$425,000; liabilities, \$240,000.

IN attempting to separate Thomas and Michael Neill, fighting in the street at Cheyenne, Wyo., Charles Brulter killed them both.

THE remains of Gen. John C. Fremont were placed in the Rockland cemetery at Sparkill, N. Y.

THE National Fraternal congress in session at Buffalo, N. Y., elected S. A. Well, of Pittsburgh, as president.

FIRE at Eldon, Ia., destroyed the Rock Island chutes, 1,000 tons of coal, several cars and two residences. Total loss, \$120,000.

THE chairman of the Oklahoma territory executive committee called a statehood convention to be held at El Reno November 28.

REV. FRANK L. GOODSPEED was installed as pastor of the First Congregational church at Springfield, Mass. He is the eleventh pastor in 257 years to occupy the First church pulpit.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE woman suffrage amendment to the constitution of Kansas was defeated at the recent election by a majority of 31,175.

REUBEN F. KOLB, the defeated populist candidate for governor of Alabama, issued a manifesto calling on his supporters to aid him in securing the executive office on December 1.

JOSEPH LEWIS, at whose shop in Manchester, England, Stephenson's engine was built in 1829, died in Kansas City.

PAUL CONRAD, president of the Louisiana and Honduras Lottery companies, died at New Orleans from heart disease.

THE official vote of New York gives Levi P. Morton (rep.) a plurality of 183,888 for governor.

ADAM VANELL, who served through the Blackhawk war with Abraham Lincoln, died at Santa Rosa, Cal.

THREE counties in Kansas failed to cast 200 votes at the recent election and will lose their representatives.

THE democratic majority in Kentucky at the recent election, as compiled by the secretary of state, is 2,173.

MRS. MARY KENNEDY died at Ashland, Ill., at the age of 100.

WILLIAM T. WALTERS, the noted art collector and philanthropist, died at his home in Baltimore, aged 74 years.

GEN. WILLIAM HARVEY GIBSON, the celebrated orator, died at his home in Tiffin, O., after a brief illness, aged 74 years.

THE official vote of Wisconsin for governor at the recent election was: Upham (rep.), 196,452; Peck (dem.), 142,145; Powell (pop.), 25,613; Cleg-horn (pro.), 11,096; Upham's plurality, 54,307.

REPUBLICAN state senators in session at Indianapolis decided to reapportion the state congressional districts.

FOREIGN.

ANTON GREGOR RUBINSTEIN, the pianist and composer, died at Peterhof, Russia, of heart disease, aged 64 years.

THE Yaqui Indians raided the village of Soyopa, Mexico, and three women and two men belonging to the household of Peter Hernandez were killed in cold blood.

MONTREAL is to have a world's fair in 1896. A London syndicate has agreed to furnish the necessary funds.

CANADA is said to be willing to give Uncle Sam free use of her canals if he will pay for their maintenance.

JOSE SALVADOR FRANCH, the man who threw the dynamite bomb at the Liceo theater in Barcelona, Spain, on November 7, 1893, killing twenty persons and wounding fifty others, was executed by the garrote.

PRESIDENT MORAES issued a decree granting amnesty to all political offenders in Brazil.

WHILE searching for a missing brother a Mexican discovered near Churintzia the bodies of thirty persons who had been murdered and hidden in a cave.

C. H. WETMORE, a Chicago reporter, was expelled from Hawaii for alleged plotting with the royalists.

KANAHAS on the islands near New Guinea were in revolt and scores of European settlers were said to have been murdered.

CHINA sent an officer to Japan to arrange terms of peace. It was said the government was willing to pay \$175,000,000.

EARTHQUAKE shocks left only twenty-four houses uninjured in Reggio Italy, and crowds of homeless people were forced to live on the streets.

FRANK PAYSON and George Brill, American prospectors, discovered an old Spanish gold mine of fabulous richness 60 miles north of Sierra Mojada, Mexico.

LATER.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 23d aggregated \$1,019,959,895, against \$1,019,202,328 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 7.8.

CARSON, Ia., was visited by fire, one of the principal business streets being swept away.

DISPATCHES from Chee Foo announced that the Japanese had taken Port Arthur, the great Chinese stronghold.

FOREST fires in the Okaw river bottoms near Pana, Ill., burned ten dwellings.

E. S. HAMLIN, founder of the Cleveland (O.) Leader and a member of congress half a century ago, died in Washington, aged 86 years.

EARTHQUAKE shocks were felt in Connecticut at Croton, Mystic Lynn and Matic. No damage was done.

FIVE students of a medical college at Kansas City, Mo., were arrested while robbing a grave in a neighboring town.

MRS. BRIDGET DUFFY, 101 years old, died in Denver, Col.

THE Brown national bank at Spokane, Wash., suspended payment.

MYRON R. KENT, who caused his wife to be killed in order to secure her life insurance, was condemned to hang at Mandan, N. D.

VIOLENT windstorms swept portions of Mississippi and in the vicinity of Meridian great damage was done to houses and trees.

WHILE drying dynamite before a fire at Charleston, W. Va., workmen caused an explosion and two men were killed and two injured.

At Hastings, Col., Mrs. Martino left her children, aged 4 and 2 years, alone in the house, which caught fire, cremating them.

HENRY G. SIDLE, ex-president of the First national bank of Minneapolis, has made an assignment, with liabilities of \$100,000.

A NEGRO was lynched at Landrum, S. C., for assaulting a white girl.

At Sacred Heart, O. T., a wild hog killed a 14-month-old babe and seriously injured its mother in her fight to save it.

THE barns of the Traction company at Allegheny, Pa., were burned, and forty-nine horses perished in the flames.

THERE were 323 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 23d, against 270 the week previous and 385 in the corresponding time in 1893.

The Morning Wind.
How it smells of the world made new—
Leafy dells that are dank with dew;
Teeming soil where the grass stands high;
Flowers that lift to the sun and sky
Cups of crimson, and white, and blue,
Brimming sweet as the wind went by:
How it murmurs among the trees—
Full of peace as the hum of bees!
How it ripples the wayside pool,
Billows the lance grass thin and cool,
Rocks the swan, at his silver ease
Sailing free, without chart or rule!
How it steals from the sunrise land—
Soft of touch as a mother's hand!
Soothing the fevered brow of pain,
Healing the troubled heart and brain;
Grateful as dew in desert sand,
Cooling as show'rs of summer rain!
Heart of the Father, deep and kind,
Breathing forth in the morning wind,
Shall I question Thy love, while still
Kissed by the breeze on the sunrise hill?
Nay! in the very air I find
Throb of love like a pulse's thrill!
—James Buckham, in Harper's Bazar.

PEASANT (to chemist)—"Got any codliver oil?" Chemist—"Certainly." Peasant—"Is it fresh?" Chemist—"Come, now, do you suppose we are in the habit of killing a whale every time a country yokel wants to buy two pennorth of codliver oil?"—Meg-gendorfers Blatter.

"Yes," she said, "I'll give you your breakfast, if you'll chop down that tree for me." "Madam," Meandering Mike replied, meekly, "I don't want ter git out of my class. I'm no Gladstone. Neither am I a George Washington."—Washington Star.

JAGWELL—"What makes that hen in your back yard cackle so loud?" Wigway—"O, they've just laid a corner-stone across the street and she's trying to make the neighbors think she did it."—Philadelphia Record.

"Lots ob times," said Uncle Eben, "de man dat keeps talkin' 'bout waitin' till his ship comes in ain' nebbin' hab' nough hustle in 'im ter sen' no ship out."—Washington Star.

"Way do you think Jenkins has political aspirations?" "Why? Why, because he likes to have men slap him on the back and call him Old Horse."—Kam's Horn.

We cannot do any man a greater wrong than to misjudge him.—Kam's Horn.

WALTER BAKER & CO.
The Largest Manufacturers of
**PURE, HIGH GRADE
COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES**
On this Continent, have received
HIGHEST AWARDS
from the great
**Industrial and Food
EXPOSITIONS
in Europe and America.**



Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

**THE RISING-STAR
SUN POLISH**


FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS. WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE
SUN PASTE STOVE POLISH
FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH MAKES NO DUST, IN 5/10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE.
MORSE BROS. PROP'S. CANTON, MASS.

**ILLINOIS
I. C. R. R. CENTRAL
ROUTE**

**CHICAGO
TO
ST. LOUIS
SPECIAL**

SOLID VESTIBULE TRAIN.
Daily at 8:00 p. m. from Chicago. New and elegant equipment, built expressly for this service. Train lighted throughout by gas. Tickets and further information of your local ticket agent, or by addressing
H. HANSON, C. P. A. Ill. Cent. R. R. Chicago, Ill.

Ely's Cream Balm
Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Heals the Sores.



Apply Balm to each nostril. ELY BROS., 16 Warren St., N. Y.

Babies and Children
thrive on Scott's Emulsion when all the rest of their food seems to go to waste. Thin Babies and Weak Children grow strong, plump and healthy by taking it.

Scott's Emulsion
overcomes inherited weakness and all the tendencies toward Emaciation or Consumption. Thin, weak babies and growing children and all persons suffering from Loss of Flesh, Weak Lungs, Chronic Coughs, and Wasting Diseases will receive untold benefits from this great nourishment. The formula for making Scott's Emulsion has been endorsed by the medical world for twenty years. No secret about it.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE.
Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

He Had Hip Disease

Was treated at the Children's Hospital in Boston, and when he came home had SEVEN



John Boyle.

RUNNING SORES on his leg. Could not step. We have been giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla a year, and he can walk, run, and play as lively as any boy. He has no sores and is the **PICTURE OF HEALTH.** JOHN Q. BOYLE, Ware, Mass. Remember,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain or grip.

FLORIDA

AND THE SUNNY SOUTH,

VIA . . .

BIG FOUR ROUTE

The frosty mornings, the chilly nights are the first warning notes from Winter's trumpet, and we watch the Sun in his southward course, longing to follow him to a land where it is summer always. Are you going South this winter? Where are you going? The "BIG FOUR ROUTE" is the best line from Chicago, Peoria, St. Louis, Cleveland, Columbus, Indianapolis, Benton Harbor, Sandusky and intermediate points, with Solid Vestibule trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars so Comfortable and all points in Virginia and the Carolinas; to Jacksonville, St. Augustine and all points in Florida; to New Orleans and all principal cities in the South. Through Wagner and Pullman Sleeping Cars daily between St. Louis and Washington via the "Big Four" and the picturesque C. & O. R. Tourist rates will be in effect. Call on or address any Agent of the Big Four Route or its connecting lines, or address
E. O. McCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN,
Pass' Traffic Manager, Gen'l Pass' & Tkt. Agt.
Big Four Route, Cincinnati, O.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.
\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF.
\$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
\$2.12 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES' \$3.25 \$2.12.
BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.
You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

You want an Organ. Of course You want the BEST. The **MASON & HAMLIN** has won

HIGHEST HONORS
At All Important World's Fairs since that of Paris, 1889, including Chicago, 1893, and is absolutely UNRIVALLED.



If your local dealer does not sell our Pianos and Organs, we will send on approval direct from factory, to responsible parties, at our expense. Write for particulars.

New Style 2007.
New Styles at Popular Prices just out. Sold on our Easy Payment Plan or Rented until purchased. Catalogues free.
MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN & PIANO CO.
BOSTON, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY.

500 SALESMEN WANTED
Largest Nursery in THE JEWELL NURSERY COMPANY
LAKE CITY, MINN.

THE DAY OF THANKSGIVING



HAT if the gold of the corn lands is faded to some gray? And what if the down of the thistle is ripened and scattered away? There's gold in the gathered harvest; There's homely and heartsome cheer; And so we will be full joyous— The day of thanksgiving is here.

A sigh for the vanished splendor Of the autumn's purple and red— For the golden-rod that is withered, For the gentian bloom that is dead; Then turn to the hearthstone cheery! Behold, 'tis the time of year To count our blessings and mercies— The day of thanksgiving is here.

Bare and brown in the shadows, The meadowland meets the gaze, Where the bold, blithe bee went seeking Its sweets in the summer days. The honey is stored in plenty, So what if the winter is near? The time is not one for repining— The day of thanksgiving is here.

The fruit has matured in its season, The sunshine has ripened the seed, Then sing to the Lord of the harvest A song of thanksgiving indeed. The morn and the noon have passed by us: 'Tis the sweet afternoon of the year; Let not your tribute be lacking— The day of thanksgiving is here. —Hattie Whitney, in Good Housekeeping.



HO were you talking with in the yard just now?" asked Mrs. James Tolman, as she strained the milk her husband had brought in.

"Judge Carpenter," he replied, as he hurried out in the deepening autumnal twilight to shut the barn door and to bring in the eggs—continuing, as he returned and went to the sinkroom to wash up for supper: "I talked with him so long that I am late about my chores. He said he should think you and I in this large house would be like two cannon balls rolling about in an empty barn."

"If he thinks the house is empty he would better come in and go over it." "Oh, empty of people he meant. Of course he knows you well enough to be sure that the rooms are furnished and in spick and span order."

"Well, there's only you and me, I know, but I have always wanted a large house and I have got it. You have a great many relations, and it gives any housekeeper a comfortable feeling to know that a platoon of visitors may come in upon her without creating a feeling of dismay as to what she is to do with them. Unless I am greatly mistaken, you will find in less than a month from now that our new house is none too large."

"A month? Oh! that will bring Thanksgiving. Who have you invited?"

"Not anyone, but a large house draws company; your friends have all a standing invitation and we are not likely to be alone. Your brother Francis and his family will all come as usual, as a matter of course."

"Thanksgiving always makes me think of Brother Jude," said the farmer, finishing the raised cake and custard, drinking his tea, folding his napkin, and pushing back from the table. "He always from a child thought so much of Thanksgiving; if he ever comes back home it will be at that time."

"You have great faith, James; Jude has been away more than twenty years. Do you think it possible that he can be living?"

"More possible than to think he can be dead. He was always so very much alive, full of spring and dance and fun and common sense, too. I have expected him every Thanksgiving since he went away, and I shall expect him this year."

"If he thinks of coming I should suppose he would write."

"Oh, that would not be like Jude; he would want to come right in as if he had only been away over night. I remember as if it were yesterday when he went away. It was the morning after Thanksgiving. I had to go to town with a load of corn and started before daylight. As I was getting ready what was my astonishment to have Jude, dressed as he had set out for the ball the night before, take his place on the load beside me, for Brother Jude never liked getting up early in the morning. As we started

off he told me that he hadn't been to the ball; that Jane Bruce, the girl he expected to wait upon, had given him the slip and gone with the new school-master, and rather than face the music there would be about it he was going away to teach school himself in New Jersey, and when he got over his mortification he should come back. I suppose he never has got over it, for we never have seen him from that day to this, nor has he ever written, but I can't help expecting him every Thanksgiving."

"Well, for your sake, I hope that he may come. If he does there is room enough, that is one consolation. He may be married and have a large family."

"No, Jude would never marry. Wherever he is, he is true to Jane Bruce."

"And she, poor thing, has had a hard life with her intemperate husband and burying him and their children and her own poor health and all. I have been thinking of hiring her to help me for a month—that would bridge her over until after Thanksgiving and she has no home of her own."

"All right; should Jude come he would never know her name or her face, and if she didn't like being here to wait upon her old lover she could go away."

"Well, you do beat all, James, for planning. I should as soon think of expecting your Aunt Susie Hammond from Boston as of expecting Jude. I have heard about as much of one as of the other and have never seen either."

"Strangely enough a week later Aunt Susie Hammond appeared. 'I hear from you sometimes by the way of family friends,' she said, 'and when news came of your large new house, I said: 'They are sure to have room enough for me, and I am going for a long visit.'"

"I am glad to see you," said Mrs. Tolman. "James is very fond of company, particularly of family friends with whom he can talk over old times of which I know nothing, being a newcomer in the vicinity. I cannot give

pumpkin pie in the back pantry just now."

"Dear me, James," cried his wife, "what could you have been after in the back pantry? The shelves were all crowded full, and I told Jane she would have to set the last ovenful along the floor to cool."

"When there is food enough for a regiment one pie more or less does not matter. I thought I would find out without asking if you had made a sweetened chicken pie. I knew I could tell by the smell. Brother Jude was master fond of sweetened chicken pie."

"He's come, Jude has come!" exclaimed Jane, dropping an iron basin of rye and Indian bread she had just taken from the oven; "he's coming up the walk to the dining-room door this minute!"

"Oh, no," said Aunt Susie, looking from the window, "that man is too old for Jude, the brother of James."

"Of course he's older," half sobbed Jane in excitement; "so be I. So be all of us."

"Jude? I guess not; in an old weather-beaten suit of clothes like that," said the farmer, gazing over the shoulders of the women, but he opened the door. The stranger came in, and, looking about the large cheery room at the group of curious faces, exclaimed: "Why, Jane! Jane Bruce! You haven't changed a particle!"

"Neither have you, Jude," cried Jane, being the first to take his hand. "I knew you the moment I set my eyes on you."

"It is a witness of true love," whispered Mrs. James to Aunt Susie. "There was something in each face that could not be changed by the wear and tear of time."

After that no one doubted it was Jude, the brother of James; but none of the relations, not even talkative Aunt Susie, knew what to say to him. It was Mrs. James who came to rescue the well-known reputation for hospitality of the house.

"Dear Brother Jude," she said, "in the joyful surprise they have all forgotten to make us acquainted, but I

ty for you to begin a work that I trust may continue among us."

"But my clothes are not fit." "Oh, your brother has plenty of clothes that will be a good fit for you. In fact, he has a new black broadcloth suit he has never worn. I have been teasing him for more than a year to get it and have it ready in case I should die or he should be taken himself, or anything else in particular should happen; and that you should come home a preacher is something so very much in particular that you must wear the suit. But supper is ready; you must be hungry by this time."

"Well," he said, soon after supper, "if I am to preach to-morrow I must make preparations—so I will, if you please, go early to my room, and I should like a Bible, pen, ink and paper—and if it is not too much trouble I should like to try on the suit I am to wear to-morrow—so that I may not feel altogether awkward in them."

"You certainly do not intend to put him into that dainty best chamber?" said Aunt Susie to the hostess, as she was carrying the fine black suit upstairs, with James' very best linen shirt and a white necktie.

"Oh, yes, indeed; it is so nice to have him come home a preacher. I shouldn't wonder if he should marry Jane, after all. How romantic that would be! She is a good creature, and they could live here with us if it was necessary—there's room enough."

"Well, you are a saint! you are, and no mistake," said Aunt Susie.

"The joy of my home-coming is so great, and the labor of preparing my sermon so considerable, that I fear I shall pass a sleepless night," said Jude, as he stood rubbing his hands before the glowing open fire in the best chamber; "and I hope no noise that I may make will disturb the family."

"Oh, certainly not, make yourself perfectly at home, and if you want something to eat go right down in the back pantry and help yourself," said James; and his wife added:

"And if you feel like sleeping in the morning, do so. I can give you your breakfast whenever you come down."

He seemed to be taking the fullest benefit of this permission, for at ten o'clock he had not appeared, and when the farmer went up to warn him against being late at church, the room was vacant.

The high feather bed had not been disturbed, the fire had not been replenished, the old weather-beaten garments lay on the hearth. On the table the Bible was open at Jude and the fourth verse was marked around heavily with ink.

"I think it was a judgment," said the farmer; "wife acted so about my getting that black suit. I'm glad they are gone. I feel as if I had taken a new lease of life."

"My carpet bag is gone out of the front hall," said one of the guests.

"The sweetened chicken pie and one of the pound cakes ain't nowhere," said Jane, coming in from the back pantry.

"My purse is gone out of the pocket of my cloak that hung upstairs in the hall closet," said Aunt Susie.

"Was it Jude?" said Mrs. James, without mentioning that she had just missed her own highly prized gold watch from the parlor lowboy.

That was a question that has never been answered. One of the townspeople who drove five miles to meeting that morning, as was not uncommon in those days, told of seeing a stranger in black carrying a carpet bag about the time he left home, and the proprietor of the village store confessed that late in the afternoon before Thanksgiving a group of neighborhood gossips had pretty thoroughly talked over the Tolman family from first to last—even to the curious fact of their always looking for Jude at Thanksgiving time, and that this year his old love, Jane Bruce, was helping about the housework. He remembered also that a poorly-dressed stranger was all the time warming himself at the box stove, and that as he went out he asked where the Tolmans lived. "But," said the saloon keeper, "I know Jude and I never thought of it's being him."

"Could it have been?" repeated the farmer, and his wife replied: "Whoever it was, we did our best by him, and if he took advantage of our hospitality it is not our fault. Had it been your brother and had we treated him coldly, it would have been much worse than this. The best rooms have all been used, and my maxim that a large house draws company has proved true. And now if you please we will give Jude, the brother of James, a rest."

"All right," said her husband, "but—was it Jude?"—Annie Preston, in Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The Tailor's Apology. A tailor living in Swinemunde strasse, after receiving a "sound cudgeling," had likewise to apologize in the "Agony" column of a Berlin newspaper. The advertisement is as follows: "I herewith declare that the journeyman blacksmith, Herr Karl X., is a very honorable man—most honorable—and I take this opportunity of withdrawing the most defamatory charges I made against him. Herr Karl H. has already given me a good thrashing for the said slanderous words. But Herr Schiedsmann (the interceder) informs me that Herr Karl X. will not do so again if I state in a public newspaper that he is an honorable man and put a thaler in the poor box."—London News.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Health in Michigan. During the week ended November 17 reports sent in by sixty-four observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that pneumonia increased and typho-malarial fever and whooping cough decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at fifty places, diphtheria at thirty-six, scarlet fever at fifty-two, consumption at 231 and smallpox at Detroit, Royal Oak, Manchester, Cheyboygan, Sebawa and St. Johns.

Qualified to Attend College. As William Butterfield, aged 7 years, was homeward bound at Bay City with two buckets of paint, one red and the other blue, a crowd of schoolboys a few years older attacked him. They threw him down, and stripping off his clothes painted him from head to foot with a thick coat of the liquid. The boy was confined to his bed and might not recover.

May Indict County Boards. The first grand jury ever summoned in northern Michigan met at Bay City. It was called by Circuit Judge Maxwell to correct abuses practiced by county and city boards, every one of which the judge declared rotten to the core. He claimed to have evidence of crookedness that will convict members of every board and send them to prison.

Alleged Smugglers Arrested. Customs Officer Buzzel arrested Henry Humphrey and Charles King, both of Port Huron, for the alleged smuggling of 1,800 pounds of celluloid across the river from Sarnia. It was taken to the depot and consigned to Chicago parties, but was intercepted by the government officials and seized. It was worth about one dollar per pound.

Compromised for \$23,000. William T. Trombley has discontinued the suit brought by him in Detroit against John H. Seitz on the allegation that Seitz had secured plaintiff's half interest in the estate of Chauvin, the murdered hermit, by misrepresentation. Trombley says Seitz has paid him \$23,000 in cash, and that he is now satisfied with the deal.

Michigan Sunday Schools. The state Sunday school convention in session at Grand Rapids received reports showing that the number of schools in the state was 4,000; teachers, 41,000; children, 340,000; receipts of the state association last year, \$2,483, and disbursements, \$2,451. Thomas E. Banksworth, of Jackson, was elected president.

Three Men Drowned. The small schooner Antelope, of Chicago, capsized off the harbor at Grand Haven and three men comprising her crew were drowned. They were: John Hanson, captain and owner of the boat; John Larson and Chris, a sailor. The men were all unmarried and resided in Whitehall.

New Political Society Launched. The Industrial Fraternity of America has been organized in Saginaw with George A. Thrasher as president. The new organization aims to secure to industry its just rewards and privileges, but while a political society it includes social and beneficiary features.

Short But Newsy Items. Two owls and a dog fought at Jackson in the presence of 150 spectators, who paid \$1.50 each to see the fun. The dog dispatched the two birds in twelve minutes.

John Small was shot and instantly killed while hunting near Clarion by a companion who mistook him for a deer.

The friends of Elam Musott, who died in Grand Lodge a year ago, decided to take up the body and remove it to Williamston when they found that Musott had been buried alive.

Rev. Alfred Klein, pastor of St. John's Evangelical church at Port Huron, was found dead hanging from his bedroom door. Insanity, induced by nervous prostration, was the cause.

A pump factory employing from twenty-five to fifty men will be located at Alpena if the citizens will donate a site.

August Kindler was found hanging in his house near Sebawaing. He was living alone, his wife being in Germany.

Gas escaping from a coal stove caused the death of Kate O'Connor at her home in West Bay City, and nearly killed Mary Hammond, 12 years old.

J. F. Clark, of Detroit, while duck hunting on the river suddenly came upon a young seal swimming in the water. How it came in the river is a mystery.

Mutton-loving dogs are killing sheep in several parts of Allegan county, and the farmers threaten a war of extermination on all suspected canines.

There is talk in the northern peninsula of making an effort to have a new county formed by taking parts of Alger, Luce, Mackinac and Schoolcraft counties, with Grand Marais at the seat of the new county.

Carl Rathfon, one of the most prominent business men of Escanaba, died of inflammatory rheumatism. He was 41 years of age and unmarried.



"YOU HAVEN'T CHANGED A PARTICLE."

you the very best room, for that, at Thanksgiving time, is to be kept for Brother Jude."

"You do not mean to say you have heard from him?"

"No, but husband expects him every year, and now that you have come, I have faith to believe it possible for the Jude of whom I have heard so much to come, also."

"I hope he will," said Aunt Susie; "there is no one whom I should be so glad to see as Jude—Jude, the brother of James, we used to call him"—and thereafter she and Mr. Tolman recalled so many pleasant reminiscences of the wanderer's boyhood and indulged in so many suppositions as to his home coming, that even doubtful Mrs. James found herself planning for the advent of an elegant gentleman, for whom the best her nice new house offered was none too good.

And Jane Bruce, the help, who as a matter of course in those days was made one of the family, listened and put in a word now and then and indulged in her own fancies regarding the coming of her youthful lover.

Several distant relations were invited to meet Aunt Susie, and the family party grew and grew, until, as all the women were helpful and entered with zest into the preparations, and Mrs. James was willing that each should experiment with her own favorite recipe, the house was alive with a general bustle delightful to social genius. Tolman, who hindered as much as he helped, perhaps, as he hovered about, making sure that the many cooks had everything at hand to make the feast perfect in its way.

"Where are my best slippers?" he cried the night before the long anticipated day. "I must change my footgear; I stepped square into a hot

am James' wife. You have been expected home every Thanksgiving since I married into the family, and this year we all seemed to have a presence of your coming. You are very welcome."

"You are very kind, very kind," said the newcomer in a trembling voice, quite broken up by the cordiality of his reception, and fumbling in vain in his pockets for a handkerchief, until a fresh one was adroitly slipped into his hand by Jane, as she came forward to replenish the fire.

"I've had hard luck and I'm pretty poor."

"So was the prodigal," said his sister-in-law, encouragingly.

"That was what gave me courage to come this year. I have been wanting to come every Thanksgiving, but hardly dared venture; but a few months ago I was converted. Yes, I was," as a murmur of interest ran through the little group.

"It came about this way. A colporteur came along to the poor little factory village where I lived, distributing Bibles and holding meetings, and he talked with me and wanted me to go to one of his meetings, and I said I would if he would preach from Jude, that being my name and a Bible name too—yes, it is!—and I went, and well—I was converted, and since then I have been preaching, yes, I have! I don't look much like it, perhaps, but I've been sick and had to sell my good clothes to get money to come home, for that was what I had made up my mind to do—and I came."

"That was quite right," said the mistress of the house, "and to-morrow you must speak at our church. We have no minister just now, but there was a Thanksgiving service appointed, and it will be an excellent opportunity for you to begin a work that I trust may continue among us."

"But my clothes are not fit." "Oh, your brother has plenty of clothes that will be a good fit for you. In fact, he has a new black broadcloth suit he has never worn. I have been teasing him for more than a year to get it and have it ready in case I should die or he should be taken himself, or anything else in particular should happen; and that you should come home a preacher is something so very much in particular that you must wear the suit. But supper is ready; you must be hungry by this time."

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ONE OF THE THINGS WE GIVE T-H-A-N-K-S For is the liberal patronage of our customers, and our customers are G-I-V-I-N-G

THANKS FOR

Select oysters 23 cents per can.
Standard oysters 18 cents per can.
7 bars laundry soap for 25 cents.
Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.
Good sugar syrup 20 cents per gallon.
The best syrup you ever tasted 30 cents per gallon.
Choice raisins 5 cents per pound.
3 pounds California prunes for 25 cents.
Choice layer figs 15 cents per pound.
Choice Florida oranges 20 cents per dozen.

Prescriptions put up by experienced and careful hands.
Everybody says it pays to trade at

Armstrong & Co's.

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Attention to the fact that your character is read by the linen you wear? You may wear a plain set off by clean, well and cuffs, you are refined. We furnish

**Give the Home
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suit of clothes but if laundered shirt, collar marked as neat and the very best work

because we employ none but competent help in both the washing and ironing departments. Satisfaction guaranteed on all work turned out.

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Chelsea Steam Laundry,
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North Street, West., - Chelsea, Michigan.

Central Meat Market!

ADAM EPPLER, PROP.,

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**Fresh Meets, Smoked Meats, Salt Meats,
Poultry and Oysters.**

Our aim is to please patrons, and a most liberal patronage leads us believe that we are succeeding. Respectfully,

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Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also,

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.



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FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on
Gillert & Crowell. We represent
companies whose gross assets amount
to the sum of \$45,000,000.

The Parlor Barber Shop,
Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Ernest Walsh is in Nebraska.
Taxes commence again next Saturday.
Henry Wood was a Jackson visitor last week.
Mrs. F. Ellsworth, of Jackson, was in town last Friday.
The cross-walks about town have been extensively repaired.
Born, to J. K. Allyn and wife, of Albany, N. Y., a son.
Julius Klein, of Albion, was the guest of his parents last week.
Quarterly Communion was observed at the M. E. church last Sunday.
Mrs. T. E. Sullivan, of Hillsdale, is the guest of friends in this vicinity.
Miss Jessie Flagler is teaching the winter term of school in the McIntee district.
Martin Strauss, of Waterloo, fell from a wagon recently and dislocated his shoulder.
Mrs. Ira Freer was the guest of her daughter, Miss Carrie, at Jackson, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Lane, of North street, spent Sunday with friends at Jackson.

Mrs. N. Bates, of North street, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. D. Hewes, of Sharon, this week.

Miss Mabel Brooks, of West-Middle street, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Dexter.

Miss Nellie Congdon, of South Main street, was the guest of friends at Ann Arbor last Sunday.

Mrs. E. T. Durham, of Redford, Wayne Co., is making her aunt, Mrs. J. Letts, a short visit this week.

Mrs. R. Kempf and daughter, Miss Nellie, of Ann Arbor, were the guests of Chelsea friends last Saturday.

Miss Jennie Tuttle left last week for Brooklyn, N. Y., where she has accepted a position as nurse in a hospital.

Thanksgiving services will be held at the M. E. church Thursday, Nov. 29. Sermon by Rev. Wm. H. Walker.

Jas. Beasley spent a few days last week in the northern part of the state hunting, and brought back a couple of deer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Fuller, of Jefferson street, will spend Thanksgiving with their son, George, and family at Battle Creek.

Mrs. H. E. Pomeroy and son, Master Paul, of South Haven, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sparks, of East street.

"They are just grand," is the way a Mason lady expresses herself in regard to the Canadian Jubilee Singers which appear at the Town Hall Dec. 4th.

The Ladies of the M. E. church Aid Society have eight comfortables and quilts besides many other articles, ready to send to the Deaconess Home in Detroit.

Remember the Famous Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial Orchestra at the Town Hall Dec. 4, 1894. Reserved seats now on sale at J. S. Cummings' store.

The Webberville Observer made its bow to the citizens of that village last Saturday. It is a bright, newsy sheet, and deserves the unanimous support of the people in that locality.

Miss Maud E. Freer who has been on the HERALD staff for nearly three years, left last Tuesday for Jackson where she has accepted a position in L. H. Field's dry goods establishment.

The vote taken by the congregation of the M. E. church as to whether women be admitted to the general conference of the church, resulted in a vote of 23 to 20 in favor of the affirmative.

Geo. A. Runciman, treasurer of Lyndon township, will be at the Lyndon town hall every Friday during December and at the Chelsea Savings Bank every Saturday during December, to receive taxes.

A Jerusalem man had a barrel of cider in the barn. He was surprised to find that some one had taken the cider and left the barrel. Very considerate indeed. It was probably a case of local option.—Courier.

Fresco painters and carpenters are busy putting the finishing touches on the interior of the new congregational church. The windows have been put in and look handsome. The bell has arrived and will be put in position soon.

The famous Canadian Jubilee Singers are to give a concert in the Town Hall Tuesday evening Dec. 4th. This company come here under the auspices of Ladies of the M. E. church, and we bespeak for them a liberal patronage.

Geo. H. Foster and family are now located in the Durand dwelling, corner of Main and Park streets. Mr. Foster made this so as to be near his Ten Cent Barn, which is located in the rear of the house, and gaining favor fast among the farmers and others who come to Chelsea, as the cheapest and best place to have their horses stabled. This is the only Ten Cent barn in Chelsea, and Mr. Foster is the right man to make a success of it.

Taxes In Lima.

Taxes in the township of Lima, for the year 1894 are somewhat higher than they were last year, as will be seen by the following table:

	1893.	1894
State tax.....	\$1 744 76	\$1 535 84
County tax.....	1 316 80	987 60
Township contingent	350 00	300 00
Township highway..	600 00	1 100 00
Support of poor.....	98 38	107 12
School Dist. No. 1...	121 83	146 45
School Dist. No. 2...	144 81	175 43
School Dist. No. 3...	124 19	148 77
School Dist. No. 4...	225 27	478 34
School Dist. No. 7...	178 59	194 22
School Dist. No. 8...	159 43	191 64
Frac. Dist. No. 1....	49 75	58 59
Frac. Dist. No. 3....	393 59	565 50
Frac. Dist. No. 4....	88 28	97 67
Frac. Dist. No. 8....	53 67	54 14
Frac. Dist. No. 9....	79 49	75 04
Frac. Dist. No. 10...	87 64	100 62

Total.....\$5 818 38 \$6 801 97

Notice—Annual Meeting.

The regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chelsea Saving Bank of Chelsea, Michigan, will take place in the director's room of said Bank on the second Tuesday in December, 1894 (11th) for the election of Directors and any other business that may come before the meeting as directed by the General Banking Laws of Michigan. Polls will be open at 9 a. m. and close at 2 p. m.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Oct. 17, 1894.

Board met in regular session.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm Bacon, President.

Trustees Present—Gilbert., Schenk,

Schumacher, Riemanschnieder.

Trustees Absent—Conkright and Pierce.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Bill for damage by falling on sidewalk received from Mrs. Carrie Oesterle, for \$2.00.

Moved by J. L. Gilbert and supported by J. Schumacher that the bill of Mrs. Carrie Oesterle be referred to a committee consisting of the President, William Bacon, Village Attorney G. W. Turnbull and J. Schumacher with instructions to report at next regular meeting.

Carried.

On motion the following bills were allowed and orders to be drawn on the Treasurer for the same.

Glazier Stove Co. lights for August \$60.00

Thos. McNamara 7 loads gravel... 3 50

Mrs. O. Thatcher, gravel..... 2 68

Jas. Beasley, Jr. gravel..... 62

Howard Fisk..... 3 17

Beasley Brothers..... 1 08

A. A. Van Tyne, Pound Master.. 5 00

A. Allison, printing Council proceedings 6 months..... 5 00

Van Orden claim settlement..... 130 00

Jas. Hagan 1½ days work..... 1 88

Ben Payne 1 days work..... 1 25

Geo. Mast 1 days work..... 1 25

Joe Winters 2 days work..... 2 50

Rush Green, salary for September. 30 00

W. B. Sumner, 13 days work.... 16 25

G. Ahnemiller, 108 loads rubbish.. 20 60

G. Ahnemiller, 1 load gravel..... 50

On motion Board adjourned.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

New Diphtheria Treatment.

Among the reports coming to the State Department upon the new serum treatment for diphtheria is one from Consul General Charles DeKay at Berlin, exhibiting the efficacy of the new treatment by comparison. He says that the establishment at Schering, near the Jungfern Heide has forty horses under treatment for the production of serum, yet the demand has been so great that the hospitals ran out of it in September. This has a singular effect upon the death rate, which in children under four, the most difficult age, had sunk to 11 per cent before the exhaustion of the store of serum; it rose during October to 60 per cent.

The serum is costly, because establishments for its production are few; it takes a long while to prepare and must be had comparatively fresh. It takes at least nine months and sometimes a year to get the animals—all under three years old—into condition. One animal does not furnish much blood at a time—say two quarts. It must be carefully fed between dates of tapping, and as in time the strength of its blood as a means of cure, gives out, it is necessary to go over again the process of cultivating the bacillus. Absolute certainty is not ascribed to the cure, and cases in which other diseases are present should not be considered a fair test of its virtues.

Chicago has twenty-two general and sixteen special hospitals, with 3,409 beds.

YOU Want Them
and can
Find Them!

AT

SPYDER'S GROCERY,

The Best Goods for the
Least Money.

Frankforts, the best
in the market, 10 cents
per pound.

Many sausage, as
good as you ever ate,
8 cents per pound.

Bolognas, made from
the finest of meat, only
7 cents per pound.

Good boiling beef,
5 cents per pound.

Beef rib 5 cents
per pound.

A good pair of shoes
for boys or girls, only
85 cents per pair.

The best thing in
the overall line in town
only 50 cents per pair.

Come to us for your
gloves this fall. Large
line. Price right.

If you want a good
whip for next to nothing,
come to us.

Remember we keep
everything in the grocery
line.

1000 gallons syrup,
sold everywhere at 30
and 40 cts., our price,
18c per gallon.

R. A. SNYDER.

Wanted to pay cash for 10,000
dozen fresh eggs at 18c per dozen.

MILLINERY

For stylish and artistic work we call
your attention to this season's
display of

Hats & Bonnets.

Also a fine line of

Feathers, Ribbons

and

Millinery Novelties.

All new and handsome trimmings.

ELLA M. CRAIG,

Over H. S. Holmes' store.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and
2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic
and Ceramic Dent-
istry in all their
branches. Teeth ex-
amined and advice
given free. Special
attention given to
children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently
located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

WE OFFER ALL

Dress Goods and Cloaks

AT

Reduced Prices,
Commencing

Friday, November 23, 1894.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns.
Highly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

HOW ABOUT IT?

Well it is all right
when you have your
Clothes Made
at

WEBSTER'S.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!



Look through our
Stock before you buy
a stove this fall. It
is complete and our
prices as usual are
right. Heating stoves
from \$5.00 up.

Lowest prices ever
known on Furniture.

Pictures Framed.

W. J. KNAPP.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the
and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice.
Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10
Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

FRANK SEAYER,

Proprietor of the

Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

ALSEA, MICHIGAN.

\$40.00 PER
WEEK

FOR
KILLING WORKERS

any sex, any age, in any part of the country,
employment which we furnish. You need
away from home over night. You can give
whenever time to the work, or only your spare mo-
As capital is not required you run no risk.
supply you with all that is needed. It will
you nothing to try the business. Any one
the work. Beginners make money from
start. Failure is unknown with our workers.
how long you labor you can easily make a dollar.
who is willing to work falls to make more
every day than can be made in three days
ordinary employment. Send for free book
the fullest information.

HALLETT & CO.,

Box 280,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

It...

Is a well-known fact that
judicious advertising always
pays—especially news-paper
advertising. If you put
your "ad" in the right paper
your business will grow,
because people will see that
you are alive, and they
would rather deal with a
live man than a corpse. If
you advertise in this paper
you will find that it

Pays.

Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also
rooms over Store. Furnished as desired.
Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36

Here and There.

Wanted—A young man to learn the
printing trade. Enquire at this office.

"Hay," a journal devoted to the hay
industry in all its branches says: The hay
crop is equal in value to the cotton and
wheat crops combined. The crop of 1880
was 31,925,000 tons, and last year it
amounted to 65,766,000 tons, valued at
\$570,882,872, which is only \$20,000,000
behind the corn crop.

A very pleasant time was enjoyed by a
large number of the friends and relatives
of Mr. and Mrs. P. Keusch at their home
last Monday evening, the anniversary of
their silver wedding. An elegant supper
was served, and a very fine silver set was
presented to them by their many friends,
the Rev. W. P. Considine making the
presentation speech. It was one of the
most successful social events of the season.

The world's crop of potatoes is the
largest food crop grown. Last year out of
the total of 3,418,000,000 bushels raised,
Germany grew about 1,010,000,000 bushels.
This year, owing to the general deficiency
of the crop at home and abroad, careful
estimates make the decrease in the crop
567,000 bushels, or a total of only 2,842,-
000,000 bushels. By this it will be seen
that the world's principal food crop is
materially short, and the feeding crop,
corn, is also materially short.

Promptness in attending school is a
great virtue in pupils. Those who attend
from first to last rarely fail. Those who
stay away for the slightest indisposition
soon become indisposed to keep up with
their classes. Fond parents awake at the
close of the year when pupils fail to be
promoted. In the majority of cases
parents are to blame more than the
children. Only an unavoidable exigency
should cause parents to detain children at
home, as this is often the starting point
where lagging begins.

The census report of poultry and eggs
for the year 1890 shows that in the United
States there were 258,871,125 chickens,
10,844,060 turkeys, 8,480,175 geese and
7,544,080 ducks, or a total of 285,799,440
fowls of all kinds, which at 25 cents each,
are valued at \$71,449,860. There were
818,249,201 dozens of eggs produced,
which, valued at 12½ cents per dozen,
amount to \$102,281,150. This is a large
sum for one year, and reaches \$200,000,000
per year for both poultry and eggs, being
not very far behind the wheat crop in
value, and about four times the value of
the wool clip.

According to the recent statistics there
are about 2,000 women practicing medicine
on the continent of North America of
whom 130 are homeopaths. The
majority are ordinary practitioners, but
among the remainder are seventy hospital
physicians or surgeons, ninety five pro-
fessors in the schools, 610 specialists for the
diseases of women, seventy alienists, sixty-
five orthopedists, forty oculists and aurists
and finally thirty electro-therapists.
In Canada there is but one medical school
exclusively devoted to the training of medi-
cal ladies, but in the United States in 1893
there were ten, one of them being a
homeopathic establishment.

Thursday, Nov. 15th, Mr. Boyce, of
Lyndon, took his gun and went for a
little hunt, while his wife went to call on
the sick, when by a pre-arranged plan of
their children, 48 of their relatives and
friends came, and turned their home into
a scene of activity. The surprise was
complete, and soon Mr. and Mrs. Boyce
were seen enjoying themselves with the
rest. After a hearty dinner all repaired to
the parlor, where Rev. Dunbar with feel-
ing remarks in behalf of the children
presented Mr. Boyce with a gold headed
cane, and Mrs. Boyce with a gold trimmed
umbrella, and in behalf of the friends
other valuable presents, after which Rev.
Andrews, who is always ready with the
right word, addressed the company. Mr.
Boyce replied in a very fitting manner.
The occasion was the 40th anniversary of
their wedding.

If ever the north pole is reached the
adventurous spirits who get there will find
that they have actually out-striped Father
Time altogether, in fact he will have given
up the race entirely, for at the northern
and southern extremities of the earth's
axis there is no fixed time at all. At any
moment it can be noon or midnight,
breakfast time or supper time, work time
or play time, whichever one likes. Clocks
will be a fraud and delusion, for at the
pole all degrees of longitude converge into
one, and therefore all times. The possibi-
lities of such position are endless. Not
only, too, will the clocks be out, but the
calendar as well. It can be, at will,
either yesterday or to-day, or to-morrow.
We have heard a lot of foolish people ask
what the use and pleasure can be of get-
ting to the north pole, but a little reflec-
tion will show us advantages can be gained
there which cannot be found in any other
part of the globe. There at any rate,
instead of being like the poor inhabitants
of lower latitudes, the slaves of time, we
can turn the tables and be its masters.—Ex.

North Lake Breezes.

It is now time to start the Lyceum.

Nearly all the fall work is done about
here.

B. H. Glenn is pressing straw for R.
S. Whalian.

Our school is starting off with nearly
every seat filled.

S. A. Mapes of the Chelsea Steam
Laundry was in this vicinity last Sunday.

Mr. Walter Webb has built a new dwell-
ing house this fall and moved into the
same.

A box social will be held at Grange Hall
here on Friday of this week. All are
invited.

Miss Rose Glenn has returned home
from Detroit and will spend the winter
with her parents.

Mr. George Cook visited the family of
W. H. Glenn last week. He will return
to Detroit this week.

The Lake has put on one sheet and
thrown it off. It will soon be in the the
ice press after thick blankets before long.

Your Scribe is not engaged for Thanks-
giving. Any one having invitations to
dispose of can send them to the old
camping ground.

By an arrangement of Rev. Marsh this
place is to have preaching every Sunday
as formerly. Rev. Stowe is to alternate
with Rev. Marsh.

Another serious accident happened here
a few days ago. The eldest son of Mrs.
Louis Hadley was thrown from a colt
breaking his leg in two places.

Mrs. Marshall who fell and dislocated
her hip about two weeks ago is as yet
quite helpless, and not likely to mend
much, being about 90 years old.

A vote was taken here Sunday on
changing the constitution of the Methodist
church so as to exclude women from lay
representation, which was a clear vote the
negative.

Thanksgiving.

Thanksgiving—"Tanks, awfy."—Buf-
falo Express.

Between the churches and the football
teams the observance of Thanksgiving
Day bids fair to be full of rush and vigor,
—Philadelphia Record.

The man who churlishly says "cold
pork is good enough for me" is not a
patriot and is fit only for treasons, strata-
gems and spoils.—Detroit Free Press.

Thanksgiving has come and everybody
should remember the rich—the poor we
have with us always, and sometimes
longer, and we can remember them at any
time.—Judge.

When the Thanksgiving turkey is elected
to the first place at the dinner table it's the
result, curiously enough, of his having
been killed by those who loved him.—
Philadelphia Times.

There was one element which did not
care a gobble which way the election went.
The Thanksgiving turkey realized that he
was bound to get it in the neck anyhow.—
Duluth Tribune.

Thanksgiving is the people's day, the
day which stands for home and happiness,
for gratitude and benevolence, for plenty
and peace. The old Puritans builded
better than they knew. Their grim and
solemn ceremonial has become a feast and
festival of gladness.—New York World.

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's
New Discovery has been tested, and the
millions who have received benefit from
its use testify to its wonderful curative
powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and
Lungs. A remedy that has stood the test
so long and that has given so universal
satisfaction is no experiment. Each bottle
is positively guaranteed to give relief, or
the money refunded. It is admitted to be
the most reliable for Coughs and Colds.
Trial bottles Free at F. P. Glazier & Co's
Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

Occasionally the tramp meets his
Waterloo, and retires from the field in
disgrace. One of the most benevolent
women in Cambridge was called to her
door, recently, by one of these perambula-
tory citizens, who asked for some money
to take him to Worcester. The good
lady said she never gave cash in charity,
but after hearing a pitiful tale she relented
sufficiently to say if he would come with
her to the railway station she would buy
him a ticket to his destination. The tramp,
with apparent gratitude, assented, and the
pair proceeded to the ticket office. After
its purchase, the lady bade the fellow to
jump aboard the train, while she gave the
conductor the ticket, but no sooner was
her back turned than he leaped from the
car and disappeared, probably cursing his
luck in having struck a woman who had a
head on her shoulders.

THURSDAY,

Nov. 29, 1894,

THANKSGIVING

Your Thanksgiving Dinner will be a

Howling Success

Providing you supply your table
with some of the

Good Things

We are offering you.

Wednesday
Morning

We received 3 bushels of

Fresh, Crisp Lettuce,

Also 20 dozen of

Fresh, Young Radishes,

And are also showing every thing
obtainable in the line of home
grown vegetables.

We have made an extra effort this
year to supply you with all finest

Fruits

Obtainable at this season of the
year. We shall have an extra
supply of

Choice Yellow Bananas

At our old low prices. Fresh
Baltimore oysters in bulk.

A Big Lot

Of fresh packed New York
State

Catawba Grapes

Also a good supply of

Fancy

California

Malaga Grapes,

New Florida Oranges,

Fancy Lemons,

A big supply of

White Plume

Celery.

Remember we always have the
nicest celery in Chelsea.

Genuine Jersey Sweet Potatoes.

Nuts,

New Figs,

Cape Cod Cranberries,

Dried Fruits,

Our assortment of

Dried Fruits,

Is without a doubt the finest ever
shown in the county, and remember
they are fresh goods; no stale stuff.

Molasses.

Just stop in and look over our
line of Molasses and Syrups. We
show you samples and can please
you in quality and price.

Watch and wait for our immense
stock of

Holiday Candies.

Will be here in a few days.

What ever you want want in the
line of staple or fancy groceries you
will find that it will pay you to
leave your order with us.

Commence your Dinner with

Armour's Soups.

For Courteous Treatment,

Prompt Delivery

And Low Prices

Go To

Beissel & Staffan.

50 Chrysanthemums in full bloom
your choice of the lot for 15c.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. MICHIGAN.

MISS CORA SHEEP-IN-THE-WOODS, a Sioux maiden, has under the influence of civilization, become Miss Cora Bell Weather.

THE farm system of caring for convict labor has proved unsatisfactory in Alabama, and the state will probably return to the lease system.

As a result of recent incendiary fires, a bill has been introduced into the Alabama legislature making it felony punishable by death to fire a provision barn, stable or cotton gin.

THE French government has formally invited Americans to exhibit at the next great international exposition, to be opened next May in Bordeaux, and which is to be devoted to wine and spirits.

THE shipments of gold coin between the various sub-treasuries and mints of the United States, etc., from March 1 to October 1 of this year amounted to \$147,307,500; the cost of transportation was \$93,481.

THE Winter Wheat association, composed of most of the merchant millers of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky and Eastern Illinois, has endorsed the suggestion of the millers' conference to restrict production of flour.

SEVEN hundred and forty tons of gold, or their equivalent, were required to pay the expenses of the United States government for the year 1894. The necessary teams to haul it, allowing a ton, and twenty-five feet, to a team, would make a procession over three and a half miles long.

In the meat shops of towns in New Mexico and Arizona the visitor from the east is apt to notice that the dressed carcasses of sheep have a tuft of wool still attached to the head and tail. This is left by the butcher to assure the customer that it is mutton and not goat flesh that he is buying.

It has been decided to use petroleum as locomotive fuel on the Baltic railroad, which is significant, because this line is almost the most distant of any in Russia from the oil wells. Great reservoirs are to be built in St. Petersburg and Reral and three other stations, which will hold in the aggregate about 5,000,000 gallons.

VIENNA musical circles are much interested by the discovery of a one-act opera by Joseph Haydn, which was found among the archives in the castle of Prince Paul Esterhazy, at Eisenstadt, in Hungary. This opera has but one act, but contains many comical passages, combined with many beautiful musical numbers in the best style of the great composer.

ALFONSO XIII., the eight-year-old king of Spain, is not the only ruler who is younger than Russia's new twenty-six-year-old czar. The little queen of the Netherlands is fourteen, King Alexander of Serbia eighteen, the khedive twenty and the emperor of China twenty-three. The sultan of Morocco is also a youth, but his exact age is a matter of speculation.

In Polk township, Pa., Hiram W. Satterthwaite was nominated by the republicans for constable. When the tickets were printed a mistake was made, and the name of the nominee's father was printed on the ballots. The republican ticket was elected, but neither father or son will accept the office. The father alleges that he was not the nominee, and the son says he was not the man voted for.

THE new president of the republic of Brazil, Jose de Moraes, who has recently been inaugurated, has announced a policy of conciliation which will probably restore tranquility and give the republic rest. The fact that he was elected during a season of civil war and that his election had a quieting influence shows that he is held in high esteem, and proves that the monarchy is dead. Brazil, with peace, can lead the South American republics.

PHILADELPHIA plumes herself on being the "city of explorers," and the distinction seems deserved. Dr. Donaldson Smith's explorations in Africa, the work of the University of Pennsylvania in Assyria and at Nippur, Merce's investigations in the valley of the Delaware river and his study of the pre-historic caves of Tennessee, Peary's quest of the north pole, Bryant's and Hite's discoveries in Labrador and Rockhill's survey of northern Tibet all redound greatly to the credit of the Quaker City.

COMMEMORATIVE bronze tablets are to be set up in Edinburgh, through the exertions of the Pen and Pencil club, to mark the abodes of the eminent men who have lived there. The first will soon be erected on the house at Lady Stair's close, where Burns lodged. Others are ready to mark the dwelling places of Adam Smith and Lord Brougham, Hugh Miller, Thomas Chalmers, Dugald Stewart, Francis Jeffrey and John Napier, of Merchiston, inventor of logarithms, will be commemorated in like manner.

UNCLE SAM'S TREASURY.

Morgan Makes His Annual Report to Secretary Carlisle.

State of the Government's Funds—Reduction of the Gold Reserve—Retirement of Treasury Notes—Facts Concerning the Circulation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The treasurer of the United States, Hon. D. N. Morgan, has submitted to Secretary Carlisle his annual report. The following is a synopsis of the document:

Revenues Reduced.
The net ordinary revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, cents omitted, were \$297,722,019, a decrease of \$88,007,000 as compared with the year before. The net ordinary expenditures were \$307,525,272, a decrease of \$15,932,074. The total receipts on all accounts were \$724,006,538, and the expenditures \$698,908,532.

At the close of business on June 30, 1893, there stood on the books of the department charged to the treasurer a balance of \$738,467,555. Adding to this the receipts on all accounts gives \$1,422,474,003 as total to be accounted for, and deducting the expenditures, leaves a balance of \$738,556,540 on June 30, 1894. In addition to these balances, however, there were other liabilities, arising from the postal revenues, from disbursing officers and from other sources, which brought the total to \$778,041,806 at the former date, and to \$804,554,753 at the latter. After setting aside the amounts treated as unavailable, the principal of which are the deposits made with the states under the law of 1890, there remained the sum of \$740,538,655 in 1893 and the sum of \$775,810,459 in 1894 represented by live assets in the several offices of the treasury and mint, together with deposits in national banks. Of these balances the sums of \$84,593,922 and \$616,155,830, respectively, were on deposit for the redemption of outstanding certificates and treasury notes, leaving \$161,944,733 and \$159,154,729 as the balances on account of the general fund.

Impairment of the Gold Reserve.
He states that the lowest point touched by the reserve was \$52,180,500 on August 7, 1894. Prior to July, 1892, the gold reserve was but little affected by withdrawals of coin, there never having been any considerable demand for the redemption of notes. Even when gold exports were heavy the metal was furnished by bankers from their vaults or was obtained from the treasury for gold certificates, of course without impairment to the reserve. During the last two years, however, the treasury has been called upon to furnish nearly the whole of the requirements for exportation, and there have recently been considerable withdrawals for other uses.

The treasurer remarks that the impairment of the gold reserve rendering necessary the issue of bonds in February was caused chiefly by the depletion of the treasury resulting from insufficient revenues. Even when the supply of paper had become so reduced that the treasury was obliged to pay out large sums of gold in the ordinary disbursements, the coin was freely returned in the revenues. The proceeds of this loan were \$58,600,000 in gold coin and certificates, but during the month of February there were redeemed \$19,200,000 of notes in gold, presumably to meet subscriptions to the loan, so that the net gold proceeds were about \$39,500,000. This, together with a gain of \$1,500,000 in gold from ordinary sources, brought up the reserve during the month from \$63,000,000 to \$106,500,000, while the net assets of the treasury, with an excess of \$7,000,000 of expenditures over receipts for the month, increased from \$125,000,000 to \$177,000,000. During the succeeding months till the end of the first week in August the reserve was affected by deficient revenues and withdrawals of gold for export, the movement abroad having been stimulated by the necessity which the treasury was under of furnishing to exporters new full weight after the supply of old pieces had become exhausted.

Retirement of Treasury Notes.
With reference to the retirement of treasury notes the treasurer says that prior to August, 1893, the treasury had been able to provide for the redemption of treasury notes in silver dollars out of the holdings of free silver, so that there had not been, up to that time, any impairment of the total amount of the silver fund accumulated under the act. On the 31st of that month, however, the silver dollars and bullion in the treasury had become reduced to the amount required by law to be retained for the payment of outstanding treasury notes and certificates, and the demand for the redemption of notes continuing in consequence of the scarcity of small denominations of currency, it became necessary to draw upon the dollars coined especially for that purpose. The silver fund being thus impaired, the notes so redeemed were cancelled. In order to preserve the required equality between the silver in the treasury and the notes outstanding, the total amount of the notes retained in this way, up to October 31, was \$4,790,434.

Notes Redeemed in Gold.
To the end of September last the total redemption of United States notes in gold since the resumption of specie payments were \$181,300,000, and the total redemptions of the treasury notes in gold from their first issue were \$68,550,000. The two important events of the year affecting the condition of the public debt were the issue of \$50,000,000 of 5 per cent. bonds to replenish the gold reserve and the stoppage of the purchase of silver bullion by the issue of treasury notes.

The Circulation.
The amount of the new issues of United States paper currency put into circulation during the year was \$350,559,190, having been exceeded but once, in 1892. The amount of worn and mutilated notes redeemed was \$319,002,290. This also has been exceeded but once, in 1893. The total paper circulation reached its highest point in May last, when it stood at \$1,175,600,000. Since then there has been a slight contraction, caused chiefly by the gradual redemption and retirement of gold certificates, the issue of which was suspended, as the law requires, when the gold reserve of the treasury fell below \$100,000,000.

Notwithstanding a change in the regulations, whereby senders of national bank notes for redemption were required to bear the charges of transportation, the redemptions were the heaviest since 1885, amounting to \$105,000,000, or more than half of the average circulation.

Columbian Half-Dollars at Par.
The management of the Columbian exposition having finally declined to defray the expenses of redeeming the Columbian half-dollars, which have found their way into the treasury, they have been offered to the public at par in exchange for gold or silver certificates, and a considerable sum of them has been distributed in that manner. The Isabella quarters in the treasury are retained for the requisition of the board of lady managers of the exposition.

The amount of counterfeit silver coin and fractional currency detected at the offices of the treasury during the year was \$10,500, an increase of \$600 over the year before.

There was an increase during the year of \$1,455,250 in the face value of the bonds held on account of the sinking funds of the Pacific railroads, which amounted, on June 30, to \$18,900,000.

A LIFE OF CRIME.

Confession of H. H. Holmes, the Arch-Conspirator and Swindler.

BOSTON, Nov. 31.—Mrs. Carrie A. Pitzel, wife of the man whose life was insured for \$10,000, was brought here Monday from Burlington, Vt., by Pinkerton men and booked at police headquarters on the charge of conspiracy after the fact. She and Holmes were taken to Philadelphia by Inspector Crawford of that city. The police, after rigid questioning of Holmes and Mrs. Pitzel, incline to the belief that the missing man is dead, and that he met his death at the hands of Holmes.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—The grand jury found a true bill against Herman Mudgett, alias H. H. Holmes, now a prisoner in Boston; Jephtha B. Howe, the St. Louis lawyer who collected the insurance money on B. F. Pitzel's policy for the latter's widow, and the widow herself. The indictment reads for "conspiracy to cheat and defraud."

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—Arch Conspirator H. H. Holmes, accompanied by Mrs. Pitzel and a pretty woman who calls herself Mrs. Holmes, arrived in this city Tuesday in the custody of Detective Crawford and Special Agent Perry, of the Fidelity Mutual Life association.

Detective Crawford detailed the story of the trip, the most important feature of which was the relation made to him by Holmes of the story of his whole life.

He told the detectives that for the crimes he had committed he deserved to be hanged a dozen times. He was raised in Burlington, Vt., and so well educated that at 15 he was a teacher. For some time afterward he went to college there and in Detroit, Mich. Here he became acquainted with a medical student. One summer (this was twelve years ago) finding themselves without means to meet their college expenses, the medical man suggested beating an insurance company. The doctor got his life insured for \$12,500. Obtaining a body in Chicago they took it east, arranged the details of identification, and got the money. They worked the scheme afterward with success, obtaining sums ranging from \$10,000 to \$20,000.

From this time on follows a life of swindling, adultery and probable murder. In the mysteries of these cases the missing accomplice, Pitzel, seems to be deeply entangled.

WOE IN ITALY.

Further Details of the Ruin Caused by the Recent Earthquakes.

ROME, Nov. 23.—News from the districts shaken by the recent earthquakes comes in slowly, but every dispatch shows that the devastation was far greater than the early reports indicated. Thirty-eight communes suffered severely. San Procopio, Oppido Mamertino, Scilla and Palmi, all in Reggio di Calabria, and with a total population of some 28,000, are little more than heaps of ruins. Many destitute families from the ruined towns are pillaging the damaged shops and houses. Troops have been posted throughout the unfortunate districts to protect property. The total damage is estimated now at nearly 7,000,000 lire. The collection of taxes has been suspended in most of the districts of Reggio di Calabria. The volcano on Stromboli island is in full eruption, and Etna and Vesuvius are active.

SOVEREIGN IS REELECTED.

Secretary-Treasurer Hayes Also Continued in Office by the Knights of Labor.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 22.—General Master Workman Sovereign was reelected on Tuesday without opposition by the Knights of Labor general assembly. Messrs. Bishop, of Massachusetts, and Merritt, of Colorado, were nominated for foreman, the place now held by Bishop, and the latter was elected. Secretary-Treasurer Hayes was reelected, although there was some opposition. At the session the expenses of delegates to the convention, amounting to about \$2,500, were ordered paid. The next session will be held in the city of Washington.

Falcon and Crew Lost.

St. Johns, N. F., Nov. 22.—The Peary expedition steamer Falcon has at last been given up for lost. Her owners have abandoned all hope of the safety of the vessel's crew. The Falcon's crew of sixteen men were all natives of Newfoundland, and a majority of them lived at St. Johns.

Anarchist Franch Is Executed.

BARCELONA, Nov. 22.—Jose Salvador Franch, one of the most desperate of all anarchists, the man who threw the dynamite bomb at the Liceo theater, this city, on November 7, 1893, killing twenty persons and wounding fifty others, was executed Wednesday morning by the garrote.

Workmen Killed in the Ruins.

FIUME, Austria, Nov. 21.—The walls of the new governor's palace, which is now being erected here, collapsed and buried a number of workmen in the ruins. Five bodies have already been recovered and twelve wounded have been extricated from the ruins.

Japanese Force Routed.

CHE FOO, Nov. 21.—Fighting occurred on Sunday last 20 miles from Port Arthur. The Japanese retired toward Taitien Wan. The Chinese loss was 100. The Japanese loss is reported to have been 300. The Chinese captured ten prisoners.

IN ANNUAL CONVENTION.

Meetings of the National W. C. T. U. in Cleveland, O.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 20.—From nearly every pulpit in this city Sunday the voice of an earnest woman was raised in the cause of temperance. The local ministers almost without exception allowed their pulpits to be occupied by delegates and visitors to the convention of the W. C. T. U. The congregations were large.

In the afternoon at Music hall an evangelistic meeting was conducted by Miss F. W. Greenwood, evangelistic superintendent of the National W. C. T. U. The annual sermon was delivered by Rev. J. W. Bashford, president of Wesleyan university, Delaware, O. Fully 5,000 people attended the services.

Immediately following the evangelistic meeting a gospel sufferage meeting was held. It was one of the most notable gatherings of the convention. Rev. Anna Shaw, of Boston, presided. The speakers were Susan B. Anthony and Rev. Joseph Cook.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 21.—At the session of the W. C. T. U. Monday among the reports read was one by Mrs. Mary F. Lovell, of Massachusetts, for the department of mercy, who spoke against the use of birds for the adornment of ladies' hats, against killing of seals for use in cloaks and urged her hearers to look into what she termed the horrors of the slaughter house. She offered a resolution which was unanimously adopted urging the creating of a sentiment among the young people of the country against the practice of vivisection which she denounced as cruel and unnecessary for the promotion of science.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 21.—The National Woman's Christian Temperance union on Tuesday reelected Miss Frances E. Willard president. The president was then presented with two gavel sent by the Woman's Christian Temperance union of Churchill, N. Y., the wood being taken from the house where Miss Willard was born. She made a brief address of thanks for the continued confidence reposed in her by the union. Mrs. L. M. Stevens was unanimously elected vice president. For corresponding secretary Mrs. Katherine Lente Stevenson was elected, and Mrs. Clara Hoffman was made assistant secretary. The election of Mrs. Helen M. Barker as treasurer was effected by a rising vote.

The afternoon session was devoted almost entirely to a memorial service in honor of Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge, the recently deceased corresponding secretary of the union.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 22.—The W. C. T. U. convention adjourned Wednesday night. It is considered to have been the most successful meeting in the history of the union and the delegates are loud in their praises of the hospitality of Cleveland temperance women.

Resolutions, of which the following is a brief summary, were adopted:

Alliance to the principles of total abstinence and prohibition are reaffirmed; they call upon all executives of the law, as well as upon all moral and religious people, to unite in the enforcement of existing laws for the prevention of Sabbath desecration; favor combined and persistent effort toward securing the enfranchisement of women; endorse the heroic action of Kentucky women in aiding in the overthrow of impurity in high places and demanding the annihilation of sex in moral standards; deprecate the social amusements of card-playing, theater-going and promiscuous dancing as having an immoral tendency; while appreciating the value of athletic and outdoor sports as having a tendency to aid physical development, the resolutions disapprove of football or other games as requiring the presence of a physician as being injurious to physical well-being and brutalizing in their moral tendency; they protest against the custom of inter-collegiate athletics as demoralizing to the legitimate work of college life and calculated to encourage the spirit of gambling; refuse to recognize institutions for the restoration of the drunkard as a cure for the saloon evil; urge the use of personal influence with the editors and publishers of our daily press to suppress the details of murders, suicides and the dreadful personals and pretended medical advertisements; urge conciliation to prevent strikes, and arbitration to put an end to them; pledge support of the ballot, when obtained by women, to the "home protection party," by whatever name called.

Resolutions were also adopted deploring the Armenian massacre and advocating international protection; thanking the populists for the suffrage plank in the platform in Kansas; thanking the republicans for the same thing in Colorado, and thanking the democrats of the south for bringing a large area under local option laws.

A report presented by the board of managers of the Woman's temple in Chicago shows the financial condition to be flourishing, and the probability of the reduction of its floating debt to \$25,000 by January 1, 1895. The rent roll now amounts to \$150,000 per annum.

AN INSANE MAN'S DEED.

He Kills Three Members of His Family and Himself.

WELLSVILLE, Mo., Nov. 21.—This little village was the scene of a horrible quadruple murder early Monday morning which wiped out nearly an entire family. Thomas Portercheck, with his mother, two sisters and a brother, occupied a small house half a mile east of the business portion of the village. The family were Bohemians and were in humble circumstances.

Investigation showed that the mother, daughter and son James had been horribly mutilated by an ax. It is believed that Thomas had first killed his brother, then his sister and mother. It was probably his intention to kill his sister Mary also, but her life was saved by the screams of her mother. No theory is advanced for the sudden fit of insanity which overcame the young man.

TRADE REVIEW.

A Gradual Improvement in the Situation Is Noted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "There are some changes for the better. The gain is slow, and in some directions not very definite than last week. The most important of them is larger employment of labor, answering a better demand on the whole for manufactured products. Much of this is due to the unanticipated delay of orders for the winter which resulted from long prolonged uncertainty, but it means actual increase in earnings and purchasing power of the millions, and gives promise of a larger demand in the future. Prices of farm products in the aggregate do not improve, but the prevailing hopefulness is felt in somewhat larger transactions."

"A little premium on gold, for the first time since 1878, naturally excites some comment, even though it is only the smallest fraction, and apparently due to temporary causes. Undoubtedly it reflects a disposition to hold gold, which answers to the desire of the government to get gold without reducing its notes. About \$5,200,000 has been drawn from the treasury by redemption of notes, and it is supposed that much more will be withdrawn, perhaps after the award of bonds, so that the first payment may not be a week ago. The upward tendency of sterling exchange points the same way; the admitted need of borrowing does not increase confidence. But after the treasury reserve has been replenished greater confidence may follow."

"It is expected that a syndicate will bid for the full amount of bonds at a price making the rate 3 per cent. or a little less, and that other bids will also be large, but how much gold the treasury will get or keep is problematic."

"There is no improvement in the demand for commercial loans and money still drifts to this center, scarcely any going south and none west."

"The wheat market has lost this week the cent it gained last week, western receipts being larger and Atlantic exports are also larger—567,711 bushels against 708,026 last year—but these are of small account compared with the great visible supply. Foreign reports this week have been rather more promising, though the fact remains that the world's crop outside of the United States is probably the largest ever grown. Corn has declined 1½ cents, receipts having been increased."

"Textile industries have added a few factories to the working list, against only one of two withdrawn and there has been improvement in the demand for woollens. More supplementary orders for spring have been received and colder weather has increased the demand for heavy goods. Yet on the whole the market is not active and the manufacturers is much below the capacity of works."

"The shoe industry leads all others in approaching full production. Shipments from Boston have been for November thus far \$4,643,000 against \$3,949 last year and \$6,381 in 1892. The number of cases shipped has been larger since January 1 than in any previous year. In spite of the general demand for cheaper grades, this is a most encouraging record."

"The iron industry again records lower prices for Bessemer iron—\$10.40 at Pittsburgh—and for some manufactured products. The consumption is large, and for the season fairly well maintained, but as it is not equal to the capacity of works in operation, their struggle to get business keeps prices at the bottom."

"The failures for two weeks of November have been moderately large in amount, reported liabilities being \$6,502,308, of which \$1,713,493 were of manufacturing and \$4,888,815 of trading concerns. For the same week last year liabilities were over \$7,200,000. The failures this week have been 322 in the United States, against 355 last year, and 31 in Canada, against 34 last year."

SUING FOR THOUSANDS.

Sugar Makers Seek to Recover the Bounty Denied Them.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Three suits to recover sugar bounty, denied by Secretary Carlisle, have been filed in the United States court of claims by J. A. Murray, of New York, attorney on behalf of the Chino Valley Beet Sugar company of New Jersey for \$48,121.54; the Norfolk Beet Sugar company of New Jersey for \$3,309.06, and the Orchard Beet Sugar company for \$11,792.50. It is the intention to push these cases to a final adjudication before the supreme court. The claims rest, of course, on the refusal of Secretary Carlisle to pay the sugar bounty for this year. The defense of the government will be that the bounty law is repealed and that the granting of bounties or the making of bargains by congress with individual persons for any such purposes is unconstitutional.

CUT DOWN HIS PAY.

At His Own Motion, Mr. Sovereign Gets a \$1,000 Reduction.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 24.—The general assembly Knights of Labor finally adjourned Friday afternoon. The next convention will be held in Washington, in November of next year. Previous to final adjournment, General Master Workman Sovereign called Mr. Kenney, of the executive board, to the chair, and took the floor. Mr. Sovereign then moved that salary of the general master workman be reduced from \$3,500 to \$2,500 per annum. The motion was carried unanimously. At the morning session a resolution was adopted protesting against the issue of new bonds by the United States government.

ANOTHER HARD BLOW.

Delivered by Japanese Troops Against China.

Port Arthur, One of the Emperor's Strongholds, Falls Into the Hands of the Enemy—Advancing on Nankin.

CHIEF, Nov. 24.—Dispatches have been received here saying the Japanese captured Port Arthur Wednesday after eighteen hours' fighting.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 24.—News received here confirms the reports of the capture of Port Arthur. These reports state the Japanese torpedo boats destroyed the forts while the troops entered the town. It is reported the Japanese have been ordered to the purpose of reorganizing the army after the European model.

Chie Foo, from which place the dispatch announcing the fall of Port Arthur comes, is a Chinese city on the north coast of Shang Tung promontory, some 90 miles south of Port Arthur, from which it is separated by the Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li.

The second Japanese army, under the command of Field Marshal Count Yamama, minister of war, consisted of about 30,000 men, and when this force arrived off the Regent's sword promontory it was divided into two detachments, one of which, aided by part of the Japanese fleet, operated against Tallienwan, while the other directed its movements against Kinchow, on the western side of the promontory, some miles north of Port Arthur. Tallienwan and Kinchow were both captured, after which the army again combined and the march on Port Arthur was commenced. Several engagements of minor importance took place along the route, but according to the reports the Japanese were invariably successful. The roads leading northward from Port Arthur were supposed to have been mined by the Chinese, and the Japanese commander therefore declined to take the risk of marching his troops along them. Consequently they were compelled to cut roads through the forests to allow the passage of their artillery and ammunition trains.

The march was thus necessarily slow. Dispatches received a few days ago said the Japanese were close to the city and had attacked the Chinese outposts, driving them back to their intrenchments. It was also said the Japanese attacked the intrenchments three times, but were repulsed each time. It is evident later attacks must have been made and the outposts were compelled to fall back upon Port Arthur. Several times the town is reported to have been captured, but later dispatches have shown that these reports were inaccurate and the Japanese were conducting their operations against the place with great carefulness and saving their strength for the real attack.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 24.—The minister of finance has announced a further war loan of 50,000,000 yen in five, making 50,000,000 yen of the 100,000,000 yen authorized by parliament to be raised for war purposes.

The third army has left Ujinaon aboard the transports. The destination of this army is not known, but it is rumored that it is intended to operate in the Yang-Tse Kiang districts of China. The Yang-Tse-Kiang river has a total course of 2,500 to 3,000 miles, and drains, with its numerous large affluents, all the central provinces of China. The tide ascends to Lake Poyang, 450 miles from the sea, beyond which it is navigable for 250 miles. It may be navigated for 200 miles from its mouth by ships of the largest class. Coal is plentiful in many places along its banks, and about 90 miles from its mouth is situated the southern capital of China, Nankin, one of the most important cities of the empire. Nankin is the center of a very extensive trade, and by the great canal, which crosses the Yang-Tse-Kiang river about 50 miles eastward of the city, it communicates directly with Peking. Nankin is also the residence of a grand viceroys, who has authority over the Kiang province. It is a great military depot and the chief seat of literature in the Chinese empire.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 24.—Count Oyama's army is marching northward in the direction of New Chwang. He has left 10,000 troops behind for the investment of Port Arthur. After reaching New Chwang it is said that Field Marshal Oyama's destination will be Shan-Hai-Kwag, the terminus of the railroad to Tien-Tsin. The Chinese telegraph authorities are openly altering or expunging messages relating to the war.

Firemen Injured.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Two engine companies were buried beneath burning planks at a fire Friday night in the John O'Brien Lumber company's yard. Throop and Lumber streets. How they escaped death, some of them, at least, is a mystery. They were playing on a pile 40 feet high when it suddenly collapsed. Comrades at once turned streams on the blazing mass, and one by one the men crawled out. Eight men were hurt. Fire Marshal Campbell was badly bruised about the legs. His son Frank and Pipeman Harahan, of Company 18, each had a leg broken. The loss to property was not great.

THE PENSION ROLL.

Expected to Decrease in Numbers After Next Year.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The subcommittee on appropriations, having in charge the preparation of the bill appropriating money for the payment of pensions due in the year ending June 30, 1896, heard Commissioner Lochren in advocacy and explanation of his estimates for that year at the capitol Friday.

As the result of the conference it was announced by Chairman O'Neill that the subcommittee would report to the full committee a bill appropriating for pensions \$140,000,000 and for other expenses \$1,381,000. The commissioner stated that in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, the sum paid out for pensions was \$139,804,461, which was less than the amount appropriated by \$25,205,713. The estimate for pensions proper in 1895-6 is the same as the amount paid last year, and \$10,000,000 less than the estimate of this year.

"In the year 1895," said the commissioner, "thirty years after the close of the war, the pension roll must in the course of nature reach its highest limit in numbers, and thereafter begin to decrease. The falling off in the presentation of claims is shown by the fact that the number of pending claims in the bureau has decreased upwards of 90,000 during the year. The large proportion of new claims filed are for increase by pensioners now on the rolls. New claims well proved and of easily recognized merit, are still being filed by deserving soldiers who have long refrained from asking government bounty and by widows and dependents of such soldiers. In 1891 the number of claims filed was \$63,799; in 1894, 40,143.

SAY WHEAT KILLS THE HOGS.

One Theory of the Fatal Ailment in Illinois Drovers.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Nov. 24.—The unknown ailment which has proved so fatal to swine in Champaign county and has cost farmers and stock raisers thousands of dollars promises to become a source of litigation. Isaac Lease is an extensive farmer and stock raiser living near St. Joseph and made heavy investments in western porkers and brought them to Champaign county to fatten on fifty-cent wheat. The disease made its appearance in his drove of hogs and within the last week he has lost nearly 100 head. The hogs of his neighborhood contracted the disease, and now Farmer Lease has several damage suits staring him in the face, it being claimed that he brought diseased hogs into the neighborhood and caused the spread of the fatal malady. Some stockmen declare that the disease is caused by wheat feeding, and it is generally considered the disease is not cholera.

FIFTY THOUSAND HOMELESS.

Frightful Suffering Caused by the Earthquake in the Island of Sicily.

ROME, Nov. 24.—Dispatches received here from Reggio say 50,000 persons in that district have been rendered homeless by the earthquakes. Many bodies were upheaved in the cemetery of San Procopio at the time it was disturbed by the earthquakes, and a number of bodies remain in sight and will have to be reinterred. Frightful scenes have been witnessed in the stricken districts, where numbers of people have been wounded and in several cases horribly maimed. Some of the sufferers had limbs torn off, which caused their death before they could be removed from the streets. The military and volunteers of all classes of the inhabitants are working with energy building huts and providing food for those who are most in want.

BACK TO PRISON.

Convict Who Escaped Fifteen Years Ago Gives Himself Up.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—After wandering a fugitive from justice nearly fifteen years, Samuel Carson, an escaped convict from the Jefferson City (Mo.) prison, surrendered himself to Capt. Porter, of the United States secret service in this city, Friday afternoon. Carson is broken down in health and is tired of being continually in fear of arrest. Moreover, he has learned within the past two weeks that he had fallen heir to a fortune of \$10,000 by the death of his parents. Now he wants to go back to serve out the remainder of his term, five years, and then pass the remainder of his days in peace.

STOLEN VOUCHERS.

Mysterious Disappearance of Evidence in the Howgate Case.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The trial of Ex-Capt. Howgate is threatened with serious complications by the discovery that the vouchers signed by Howgate and supposed to be fraudulent are missing from the office of the second auditor of the treasury, where they had been held for use by the government in prosecuting the case against Howgate. The amount involved is \$130,000.

Will Leave the Bench.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 24.—James Gillfillan, chief justice of the Minnesota supreme court, has announced his intention of resigning on the advent of the new year, on account of failing health. He is now 66 years old, and has occupied his present position, with a brief intermission, since 1869. C. M. Stuart, recently elected to the position, will be called upon to fill out the unexpired term.

Sun Spots.

There's a flock of rust on a flawless blade—On the armor of price there's one; There's a mole on the cheek of the lovely maid—

There are spots on the sun.

But the blade of Damascus has succored the weak, The shield saved a knight from a fall; The mole is a grace on my lady's cheek—The sun shines for all.

—S. A. Walker, in N. Y. Independent.

TO AID EMPLOYEES.

A New Scheme of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.—Will Furnish Their Help with Medical Attendance.

William L. Douglas, the president of the world famed W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., has always had a great personal interest in the army of men and women who inhabit the great factory at Montello during the working hours of the day, and who make the greatly advertised 18 shoe.

He is a great believer in the idea that manufacturers should have this personal interest in the condition of their employees, and feels that if the idea is carried out to the extent that is possible, that it will result ultimately in the breaking down of the barriers which have been built up between employers and those whom they employ. He believes that the breaking down of these invisible but strong barriers would be a great thing for everybody concerned, as it would convince the workmen that their employers were not their enemies, as some of them seem to think now, but their friends, with a desire to do all for them that was in their power.

Having strong feelings upon this point, it is only natural that Mr. Douglas should give the matter some study and acquaint himself with the result of the trials of such plans in other places. He is satisfied that the scheme he has originated is a good one, and he has now put it to practical test.

To-day he handed to every person in his employ—and they form a small army—a card, a fac-simile of which is here given:

This ticket entitles Residence— to full and free medical attendance while employed by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company. A competent and skillful physician will be at the private office of the company at 12 M. daily, except Sundays and holidays.

If said employee should be detained at home by sickness, the physician will give full and free medical attendance there.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., by W. L. Douglas, President.

Room. CONDITIONS.

The physician will not make visits outside the city limits. This ticket is not transferable, and does not apply to the family of the employee, and must be returned as soon as the term of employment expires. This privilege is a free gift of the company, and is no part of the contract for wages, and may be made void by the company, at its own option, without notice.

This is a practical illustration of Mr. Douglas' idea, and will surely be appreciated by the hundreds who receive the card.

He says that he believes there are hundreds of workmen and workwomen who find a doctor's bill a great burden after a period of enforced idleness, and that if this is lifted from them they must feel that their employer is interested in them in some other way than simply to get all the work he can for just as little money as he can. He says also that there are men and women who keep right at work when it would be better for their health if they would lay off a day or two and have medical attendance. Then again they will now feel free to consult the doctor when they have slight troubles, which heretofore they would not do because of the cost.

The plan goes into effect to-day. Dr. S. J. Gruver has been engaged as the physician and enters upon his duties to-morrow.

The plan is a good one. Speaking of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. it may be said that their factory is the only one in the city where the principle of arbitration is recognized and has full sway.

Mr. Douglas is a firm believer in the principle and has been since the establishment of the state board of arbitration. He claims that labor troubles would not be as frequent as they are if manufacturers and help would recognize this great principle, and adopt it.

The firm obliges every man who is hired to sign an agreement to submit any disagreement that may arise, and which cannot be settled by the interested parties, to the state board of arbitration, the decision of that board to be final and to be binding on both sides. Pending a settlement of any disagreement the men agree to continue at work. This agreement went into force December 10, 1888, and has worked well. It is signed by the L. P. U. on behalf of the masters.—Brookton (Mass.) Daily Enterprise.

IN Society women often feel the effect of too much gaiety—balls, theatres, and teas in rapid succession find them worn out, or "run-down" by the end of the season. They suffer from nervousness, sleeplessness and irregularities. The smile and good spirits take flight. It is time to accept the help offered in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's a medicine which was discovered and used by a prominent physician for many years in all cases of "female complaint" and the nervous disorders which arise from it. The "Prescription" is a powerful uterine tonic and nerve, especially adapted to woman's delicate wants for it regulates and promotes all the natural functions, builds up, invigorates and cures.

Many women suffer from nervous prostration, or exhaustion, owing to congestion or to disorder of the special functions. The waste products should be quickly got rid of, the local source of irritation relieved, and the system invigorated with the "Prescription." Do not take the so-called celery compounds, and nervines which only put the nerves to sleep, but get a lasting cure with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

"FEMALE WEAKNESS." Mrs. WILLIAM HOOVER, of Belleville, Richland Co., Ohio, writes: "I had been a great sufferer from 'female weakness'; I tried three doctors; they did me no good; I thought I was an invalid forever. But I heard of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and then I wrote him and he told me just how to take it. I took eight bottles. I now feel entirely well. I could stand on my feet only a short time, and now I do all my work for my family of five."

Mrs. HOOVER.

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD NOW THE BEST LINE TO CALIFORNIA, ARKANSAS AND TEXAS.

Try the "True Southern Route to California." Pullman First-Class Sleeping Cars, Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car Service, low rates and quick time, through from Chicago every day, to the land of oranges, roses and sunshine, that semi-tropical kingdom by the sea, Southern California. Meals illustrated folders, maps, pamphlets and full particulars, call upon your home ticket agent or write to James Charlton, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & Alton Railroad, Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

PARKER (at the football game)—"Tame sort of a show, isn't it?" Barker—"Tame! You're the first man I've heard express that opinion." Parker—"Maybe I'm not in the humor to appreciate it. I became a member of the stock exchange a month ago."—Truth.

In this Work-a-Day World

Men and women continually break down through mental strain and physical effort. The true repairer of vitality thus impaired, a perennial fountain of health and vigor is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which restores digestion, enriches the blood, and healthfully stimulates the bowels, kidneys and liver when they are indolent. This comprehensive remedy also subdues malaria, rheumatism and nervousness.

"Did your Uncle George remember you when he made his will?" "I'm afraid so." "Afraid! Why afraid?" "Well, I haven't seen the will yet, but if Uncle George remembered me he'd leave me out."—Harper's Bazar.

Low Rate Excursions to the West.

On December 4 and 18, 1894, The North-Western Line will sell Home-Seekers' Excursion tickets from stations in Illinois and Iowa to points in Nebraska, Wyoming and the Black Hills district of South Dakota at very low rates for the round trip; tickets good for return passage at any time within twenty days from date of sale. For tickets and detailed information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

HE—"Don't you think there is considerable danger in letting a woman who cares for you know that you love her?" SHE—"I think there is considerably more danger in letting her know that you don't."—Brooklyn Life.

Harvest Excursions.

Nov. 20th, Dec. 4th and 18th the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Ry. will sell tickets at greatly reduced rates to all points in Texas, Eddy, New Mexico, and Lake Charles, La. For particulars address H. A. Chemir, Room 12 The Rookery, Chicago, Ill.

SHE—"How do you know that you really love me?" HE—"How do I know? Great Scott! Doesn't everybody know that your father is a multi-millionaire?"—Somerville Journal.

McVicker's Theatre.

"On the Mississippi," a spectacular attraction, begins December 2. The scene is laid in the south about the time of the war.

"WELL, Mr. Joskins, I see your boy has left college." "Yes." "What's he in?" "Debt."—Harper's Bazar.

WHENEVER love writes its name it does it in its own blood.—Rum's Horn.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 75c.

It takes more courage to endure than it does to act.—Rum's Horn.

The best cough medicine is Piso's Cure for Consumption. Sold everywhere. 25c.

Know all women

that there is one rheumatic, neuralgic, sciatic, and all-pain-remedy, as harmless as water, and sure as taxes—It is St. Jacobs Oil—used by everybody,—sold everywhere.

"More the Merrier"

Wash day a pleasure

BUT NOT UNLESS YOU USE

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

IT IS THE PUREST, BEST & MOST ECONOMICAL

Sold everywhere. Made by

THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

BE IN TIME FOR CHRISTMAS. A BEAUTIFUL WREATH OF HOLLY AND MISTLETOE on Cloth That Can Be Tacked on the Wall.

Ask your local dealer to procure some of the Windsor Christmas Wreaths. As we do not sell them at retail.

WINDSOR CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Printed Dress Fabrics, NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD NOW THE BEST LINE TO CALIFORNIA, ARKANSAS AND TEXAS.

Try the "True Southern Route to California." Pullman First-Class Sleeping Cars, Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car Service, low rates and quick time, through from Chicago every day, to the land of oranges, roses and sunshine, that semi-tropical kingdom by the sea, Southern California. Meals illustrated folders, maps, pamphlets and full particulars, call upon your home ticket agent or write to James Charlton, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago & Alton Railroad, Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

A. N. K.—A 1529

"Was there a party here to look at the house?" Snapp—"Well, I don't know what you might think, but he seemed to me to be a regular picnic."—Inter Ocean.

HALE'S Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves whooping cough. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"Mrs. SNOBBY has a great deal of style." "She has! Mercy, I wonder whose it is?"—Chicago Inter Ocean.

BRONCHITIS is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if ordered.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if ordered.

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In Small Chunks.

In the heart of a large pine tree three feet and a half in diameter, James Miller, of Marinette, Wis., found a knife that was about a foot long and an inch and a half wide. The age of the tree is estimated by good judges to be over 200 years, and the knife was buried in it when the tree was in its infancy, for it is right near the heart, and only about six feet from the base.

Though alien women can be naturalized the privilege is not often sought by them. During the three years past about sixty foreign women have become citizens by this process in New York city.

One of the largest eggs, probably, ever laid by a Plymouth Rock hen comes from the henry of O. W. Hill at Wilmington. It weighs half a pound and measures 7.5 by 6.3-4 inches.

The very latest astronomical works catalogue between 6,000 and 7,000 "double stars." When Herschel made his initial observations only four were known.

Eleven hundred miles of track were laid in the United States in 1894. This is the smallest showing for the past thirty years.

George Robinson, of Louisville, Ky., has endowed the Shenandoah valley academy at Winchester, Va., with \$10,000.

The cost of feeding the army during the year just ended, according to Brig-Gen. Hawkins' report, was \$2,399,502.

Illinois has 855,985 pupils in the public schools, 116,636 in private schools and over \$16,000,000 in school houses.

Minor Miscellany.

Tea is cut every forty days the year around in Japan.

Buenos Ayres is building the largest opera-house in the world.

Greece stands lowest in point of wealth of all the countries in Europe.

In St. Petersburg the names of drunkards are posted in certain public places.

Elephants' skins are tanned to make carpets. They never wear out, but are expensive.

Crocodiles, like ostriches, swallow pebbles and small stones, which serve the purpose of grinding their food.

Scientists are now getting excellent direct photographs from the moon, which show mountains and craters with exactness.

The tooth of an extinct animal was recently unearthed at Ulster Park, N. Y., which weighed eleven ounces and was four inches long.

A school has been opened in Chicago for people who can hear but cannot talk, and twenty people are being taught to articulate sounds.

Search lights are such good targets for the enemy's guns that the Germans are arranging to throw the light first on a mirror and then on the enemy, thereby concealing its real source.

What promises to be an exceedingly rich gold-bearing reef has been discovered at Sudest, British New Guinea. Coal deposits have also been recently found and the island promises to develop great wealth.

There died in Washington recently a man who, in his lifetime, it is said, had handled more money than any other person in the world. He was William Barnes, a clerk in the treasurer's office. In one day \$60,000,000 had passed through his hands.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

A secretary of a large and prosperous building association pays the tribute to women borrowers that when a woman starts out to secure a home she rarely ceases her efforts until the last penny of the mortgage obligation is lifted. She finds a way to save a nickel here and a nickel there of which her husband is wholly ignorant and which helps to meet the weekly obligation in the building association. There is not a case on record in that city in which a woman ever undertook to build for herself a home, where she had half a co-operation from her husband, in which she did not succeed. She has proved the truth over and over again of the old maxim, "where there is a will there is a way." Women borrowers are what all sagacious building association managers hunt for. Women borrowers seldom if ever miss a payment and they never flee to Canada.

Slander and Libel.

To say injurious and untrue things of another is slander. A person who suffers such an injury may bring an action against the person who slandered him, and recover damages for his loss of character and reputation. To charge a person with having committed a crime is slander. For example, a man who says that his neighbor has committed murder or burglary may be sued for it. In England it is no slander to accuse a person of having committed a trifling offence. To say of another: "He is a common beggar and fortune-teller," does not render the person liable there. In the United States, however, such words are held to be slanderous, because they bring disgrace upon the person of whom they are spoken.

The following are a few accusations of crime that have been decided to be slanderous: "He is a convict, and has been in the penitentiary." "He was arraigned for stealing hogs, and if he had not made good friends, it would have gone hard with him." "He is a knave and a rascal." "I will venture anything he has stolen my book." "You swore falsely at the trial of your brother John."

To say of a person that he has a disgusting and contagious disease, for example, the leprosy or the plague, is a slander. Statements such as these have a tendency to drive a person from all pleasant society.

Another form of slander is to charge a person with misconduct in his business. To say of a tradesman that in carrying on his business he is a swindler is a slander. A person who accuses a clergyman of drunkenness, or a tradesman of keeping a bad place of resort, must pay damages if he is sued for it. The public will have nothing to do with those who do not conduct themselves properly. It is only fair that those who are wrongfully accused should be able to make the slanderer pay the loss.

A slanderous statement made in writing, or printed, or a picture calculated to bring a person into public contempt and ridicule, is a libel. A malicious picture showing a person's physical defects is libelous. No person has a right to parade the misfortunes of others before the public.

There is no slander when a statement, however malicious, is true. The truth is not slander. But in some cases the truth when written or printed is a libel.

In certain cases statements are privileged. Lawyers, while arguing a case, have a right to make any statements that bear upon it. Jurymen and witnesses are also protected so long as they act under the belief that they are doing their duty.

Members of Congress and other legislative bodies may say what they please while on duty in the place where they meet. This right was given them in former times, to prevent jealous Kings from punishing members of Parliament who did their duty. Candidates for public office may be criticised freely. The people have a right to know every thing about those who ask for their votes.

In all cases of slander and libel, the statements must have been published that is, made to a person other than the one who seeks damages. It is no slander to make injurious statements of a person to his face, when no one else is within hearing. — *Youth's Companion.*

Not a Case of the "Survival of the Fittest."

I started to write upon birds, yet have strayed upon insects. But since I am upon insects I may as well speak about one or two other things which have interested me very much in this lower stratum of animal life. I had always known the dragon fly—or devil's darning-needle, as he is more generally known—to be the hawk of the insect tribe, and had rather encouraged him as a destroyer of mosquitoes. One day I was sitting in the woods and a strange, nondescript creature passed rapidly by me and alighted on the side of a tree. It had a big yellow head and a long black tail, and it was altogether a puzzler. So I went over to look at it, and found it to consist of a large yellow butterfly and a huge dragon fly. The latter had caught the butterfly somewhere and flown away with it, and I stood there and watched him eat it, which he altogether did, biting off and discarding the wings, indeed, but leaving no vestige of the body. I took up a stick and massed the dragon fly after his meal, thinking it an outrage and a degree or two worse than cannibalism that so hideous and diabolical a creature should destroy and eat the beautiful butterfly. Perhaps this dragon fly had a perverted taste, and I hope this was the case, for I never saw another one flying at any higher game than mosquitoes and midges. I approve of their warring upon these, but that they should eat butterflies appears to me a species of vandalism. — *Cor. N. Y. Sun*

—In washing wooden dairy utensils use first hot water, then cold, and lastly hot. See that they are well dried.

Rheumatic Twinges.

Are escaped by the use of Humphreys' Specific No. 15. The infallible cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago. For sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

Ye young men must not permit ye tender passion of love to display itself toward ye fair singers, during ye concert, as it may tend to disconcert them. "Abolition," look sharp.

No Apologies.

"We were poor enough in those days," said an eminent publicist, once in talking to a friend about his early married life, with its hard struggles, its plain living and high thinking. "We were poor enough, and we lived a good deal on baked beans with no pork."

"Some folks didn't like beans with no pork to season them; but mother" (mother meant his wife) "never made any apologies. When company came she put on an extra plate, and said dinner was ready just as cheerfully as if there had been ten courses."

"If they liked us well enough to come again, they were always welcome. I was a kind of test. If they preferred pork, they stayed where it was plenty."

To our thinking this frugal housewife proved her claim to be considered a lady more conclusively by making no apologies than she could have done in almost any other way. Does the chronic apologizer ever stop to think how selfish she is, in considering the petty annoyance of being in this or that direction less perfectly appointed than she could wish, rather than the ease and comfort of her guest?

For what guest can be at ease having been made to feel that he has come at an inopportune time—that some other day his hostess would have been more ready and therefore more glad to see him?

A lady, well-known to the society of two cities, is a chronic maker of excuses. If you go to a large dinner-party at her house, you feel by some spiritual magnetism the unrest of her own spirit—the wearing anxiety lest everything should not go off well, which makes it impossible for her to be quite at her ease.

"I beg your pardon," she says, at the end of your prettiest speech, showing that her thoughts have been elsewhere.

If you go to a family lunch or dinner, she does wish you had been there yesterday, when the soup was better, or that you had come to-morrow, instead, when some other dainty would have been attainable.

"Do you go often to see Mrs. So-and-So?" one friend asked of another, in our hearing.

"No, I don't," was the answer. "I'm sorry, too; she is such a kind little woman; but I could not stand her apologies. They always made me feel that I had come at the wrong time."

If the thought could be present to a hostess that to apologize profusely is, inevitably, to make her guests feel that they have come "at the wrong time," surely she would avoid this error, since the very essence of good breeding is that genuine kindness of heart which strives to make people comfortable and not uncomfortable, happy and not unhappy. — *Youth's Companion.*

—It is the custom among the French to kiss the forehead and not the lips. When the American girls began to wear bangs they knew what they were about. — *N. Y. Graphic.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Markets.

Chelsea, Nov. 28, 1894

Eggs, per dozen	18c
Butter, per pound	18c
Oats, per bushel	31c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	48c
Potatoes, per bushel	40c
Apples, per bushel	40c
Onions, per bushel	35
Beans, per bushel	\$1.35


W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

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Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases Positively Cured by

The New Method Treatment—A Wonderful Discovery

You can Deposit the Money in Your Bank or with Your Postmaster to be paid to you after you are CURED under a written Guarantee!

Self Abuse, Excesses and Blood Diseases have wrecked the lives of thousands of young men and middle aged men. The farm, the workshop, the Sunday school, the office, the professions—all have its victims. Young men, if you have been indiscreet, beware of the future. Middle aged men, you are growing prematurely weak and old, both sexually and physically. Consult us before too late. NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. Confidential.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND SYPHILIS CURED.

W. S. COLLINS. W. S. Collins, of Saginaw, Speaks. W. S. COLLINS

"I am 28. At 15 I learned a bad habit which I continued till 18. I then became 'one of the boys' and led a gay life. Exposure produced Syphilis. I became nervous and despondent; no ambition; memory poor; eyes red, swollen and blind; pimples on face; hair loose, bone pains; weak back; varicocele; dreams and losses at night; weak parts; deposit in urine, etc. I spent hundreds of dollars without help, and was contemplating suicide when a friend recommended Dr. Kennedy & Kergan's New Method Treatment. Thank God I tried it. In two months I was cured. This was six years ago, and never had a return. Was married two years ago and all happy. Boys, try Dr. Kennedy & Kergan's before giving up hope."

S. A. TONTON. Seminal Weakness, Impotency and Varicocele Cured. S. A. TONTON

"When I consulted Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, I had little hope. I was surprised. Their new Method Treatment improved me the first week. Emissions ceased, nerves became strong, pains disappeared, hair grew in again, eyes became bright, cheerful in company and strong sexually. Having tried many Quacks, I can heartily recommend Dr. Kennedy & Kergan as reliable Specialists. They treated me honorably and skillfully."

T. P. EMERSON. A Nervous Wreck—A Happy Life. T. P. EMERSON

T. P. Emerson Has a Narrow Escape.

"I live on the farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into 'decline' (Consumption). Finally 'The Golden Monitor,' edited by Drs. Kennedy & Kergan fell into my hands. I learned the Truth and Cause. Self abuse had sapped my vitality. I took the New Method Treatment and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manhood."

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating suicide? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. **CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY**

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Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge. Charges reasonable. Books Free—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed.

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Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without dragging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF DISEASES.	CURED.	PRICE.
1-Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	25	
2-Whooping Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough.	25	
3-Whooping Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough.	25	
4-Diarrhoea, of Children or Adults.	25	
5-Dysentery, Griping, Filious Colic.	25	
6-Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.	25	
7-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	25	
8-Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism.	25	
9-Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	25	
10-Dyspepsia, Bilioousness, Constipation.	25	
11-Suppressed or Painful Periods.	25	
12-Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	25	
13-Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	25	
14-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	25	
15-Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.	25	
16-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	25	
17-Piles, Blind or Bleeding.	25	
18-Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.	25	
19-Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	25	
20-Whooping Cough.	25	
21-Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.	25	
22-Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing.	25	
23-Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.	25	
24-General Debility, Physical Weakness.	25	
25-Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.	25	
26-Sore Throat, Soreness from Kissing.	25	
27-Kidney Diseases.	25	
28-Nervous Debility.	25	
29-Sore Mouth, or Canker.	25	
30-Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	25	
31-Painful Periods.	25	
32-Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation.	25	
33-Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.	25	
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MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 16th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A.M.

Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A.M.

Mail and Express.....8:15 P.M.

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express.....9:17 A.M.

Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P.M.

Chicago Night Express.....10:30 P.M.

Wm. Martin, Agent, Chelsea.

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Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.